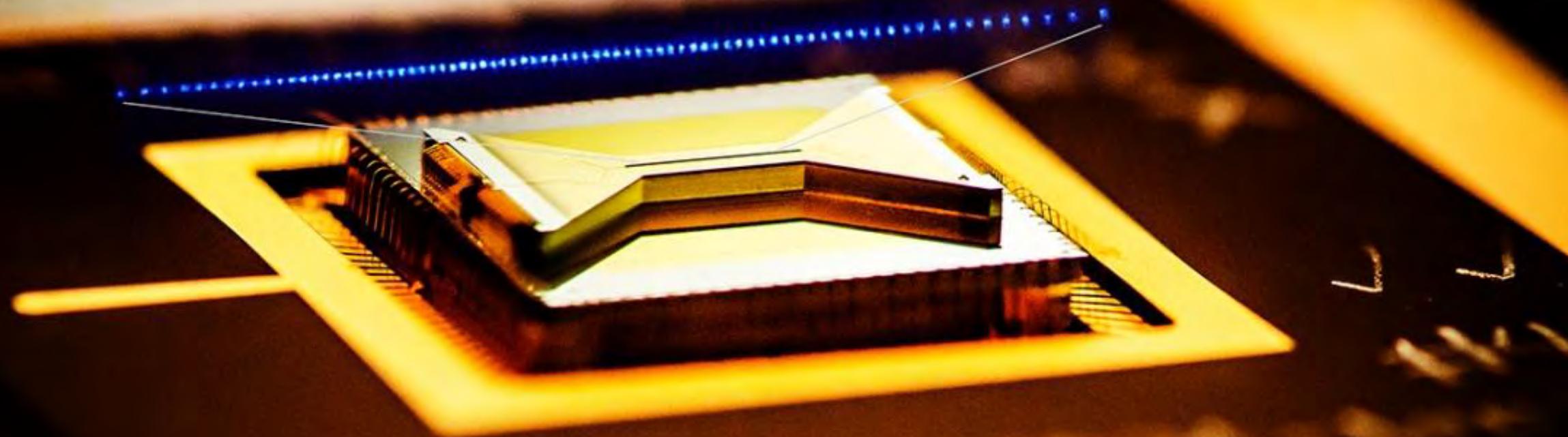


Quantum Circuits and Simulation with Individual Atoms

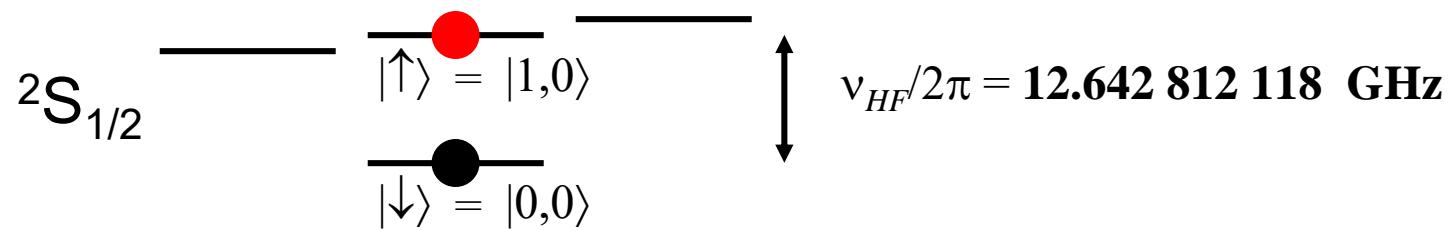


Christopher Monroe
Univ. Maryland, JQI, QuICS, and IonQ

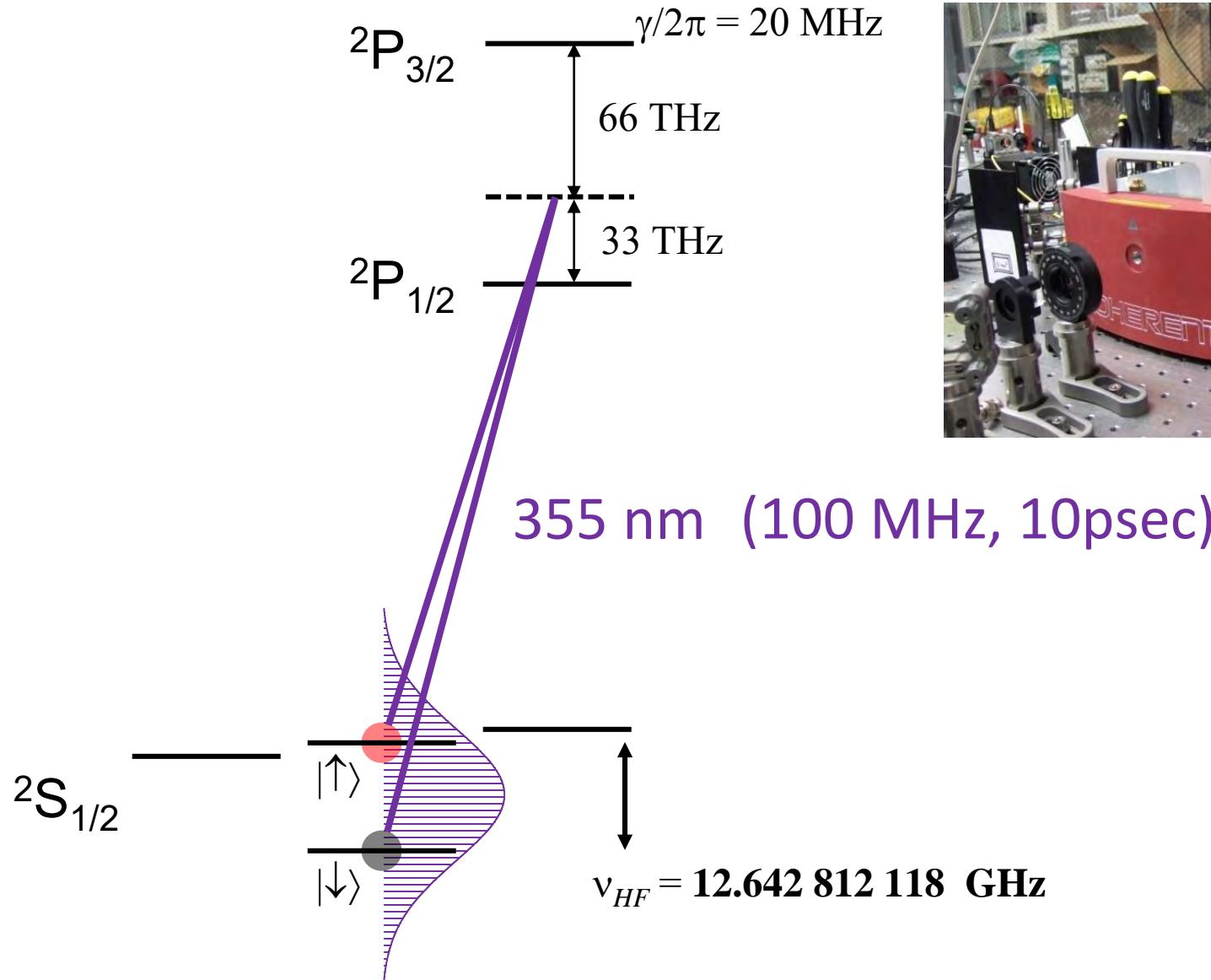


JOINT CENTER FOR
QUANTUM INFORMATION
AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

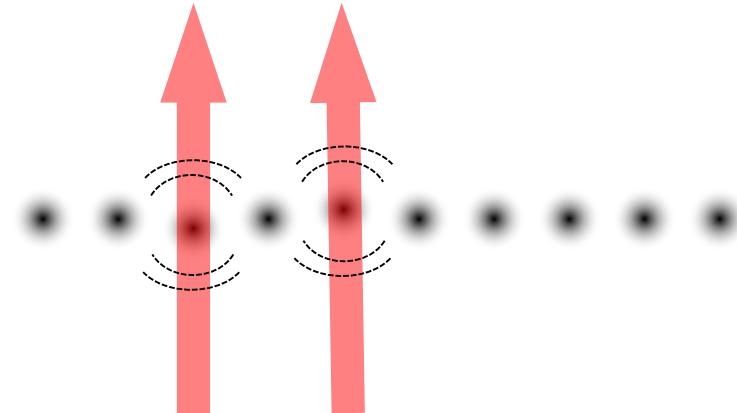
Atomic Qubit ($^{171}\text{Yb}^+$)



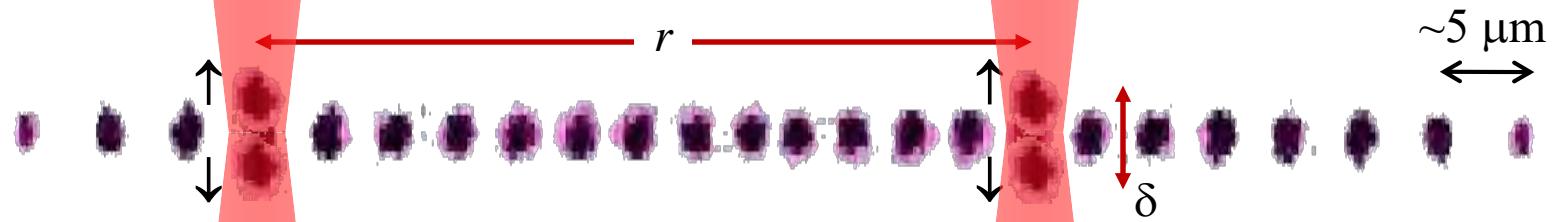
$^{171}\text{Yb}^+$ Qubit Manipulation



Quantum Circuits and Algorithms



Quantum Entanglement of Trapped Ions



dipole-dipole coupling

$$\Delta E = \frac{e^2}{\sqrt{r^2 + \delta^2}} - \frac{e^2}{r} \approx -\frac{(e\delta)^2}{2r^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta &\sim 10 \text{ nm} \\ e\delta &\sim 500 \text{ Debye}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle & \rightarrow |\downarrow\downarrow\rangle \\ |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle & \rightarrow e^{-i\varphi} |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle \\ |\uparrow\downarrow\rangle & \rightarrow e^{-i\varphi} |\uparrow\downarrow\rangle \\ |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle & \rightarrow |\uparrow\uparrow\rangle \end{array}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\Delta Et}{\hbar} = \frac{e^2 \delta^2 t}{2 \hbar r^3} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

for full entanglement

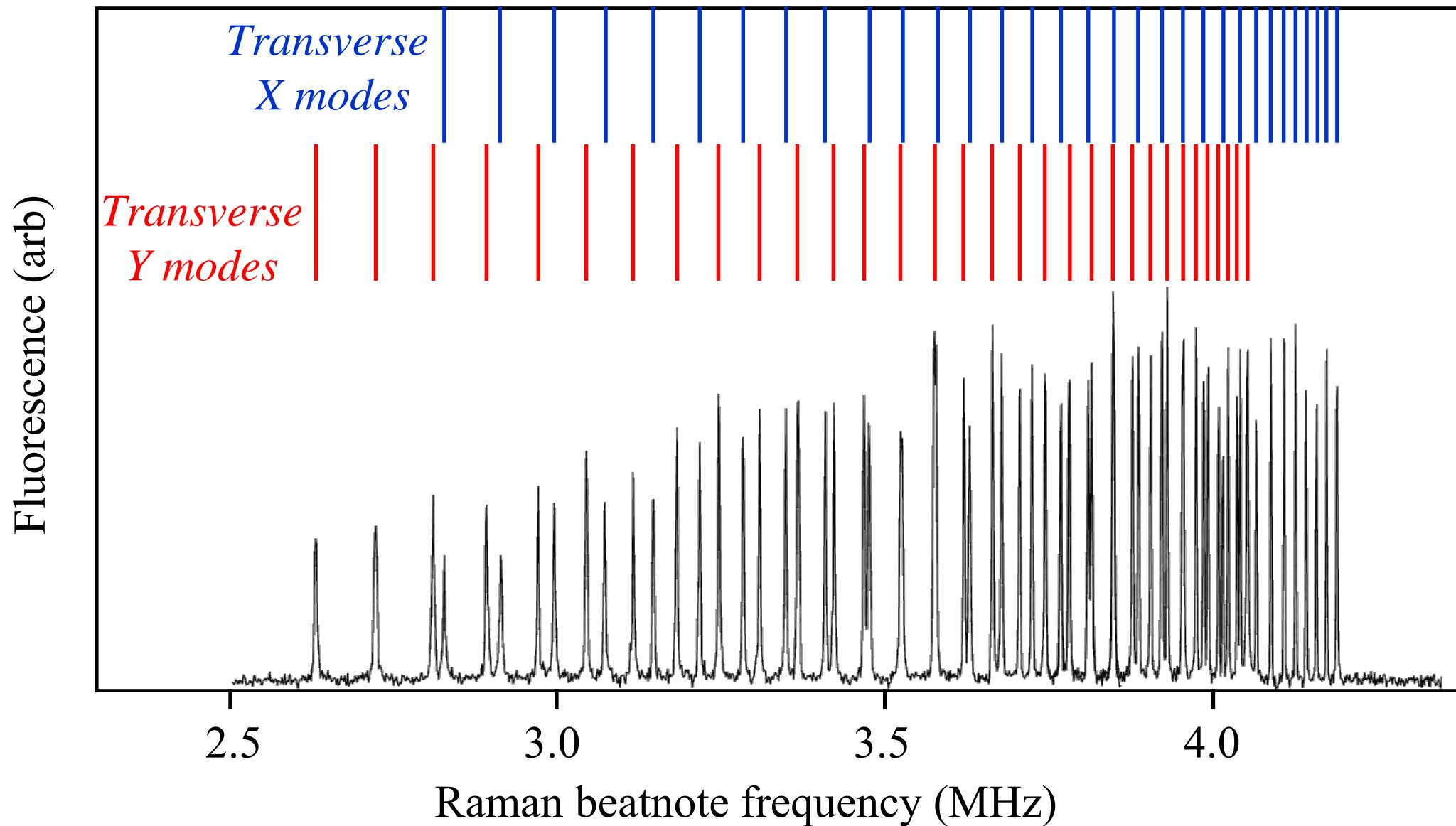
Native Ion Trap Operation: “Ising” gate

$$XX[\varphi] = e^{-i\sigma_x^{(1)}\sigma_x^{(2)}\varphi} \quad T_{\text{gate}} \sim 10-100 \mu\text{s}$$

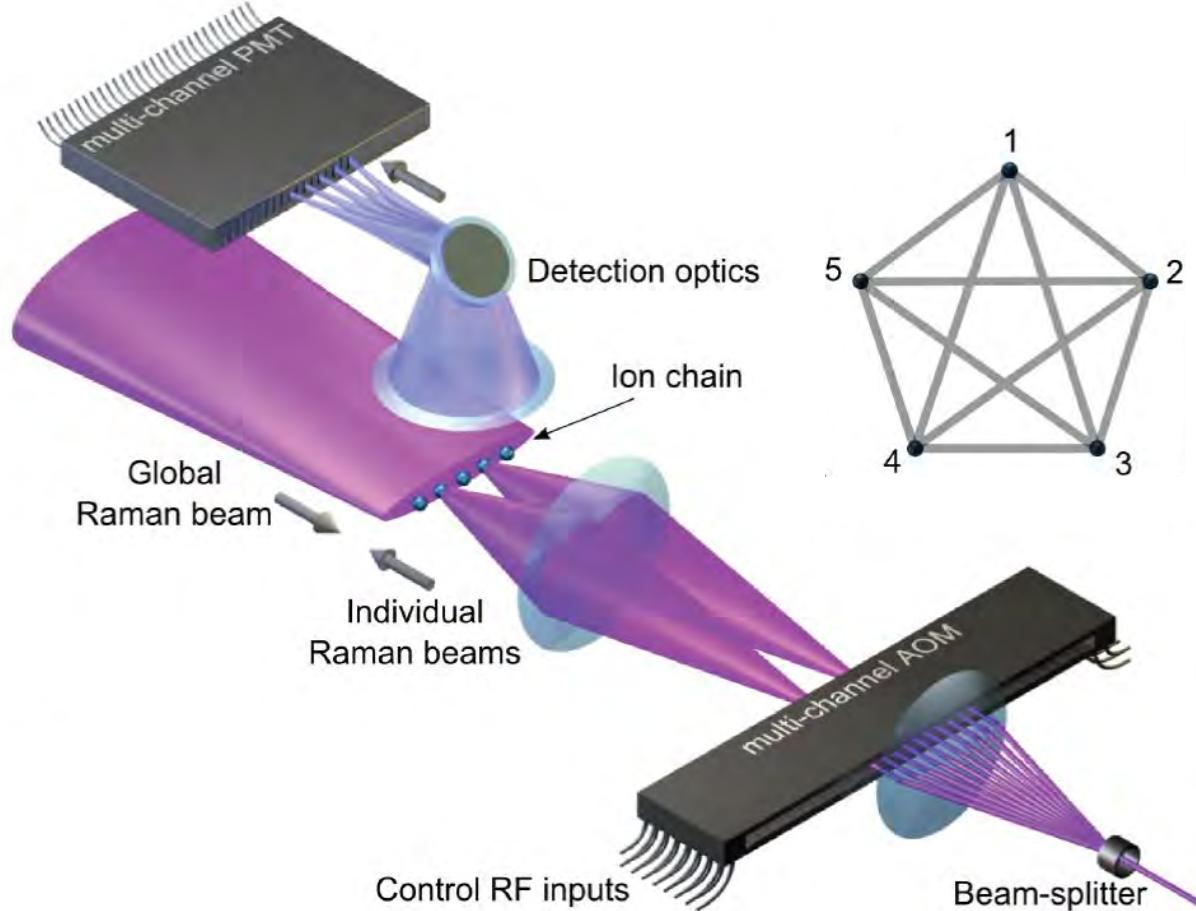
$T_{\text{F}} \sim 98\% - 99.9\%$

Cirac and Zoller (1995)
Mølmer & Sørensen (1999)
Solano, de Matos Filho, Zagury (1999)
Milburn, Schneider, James (2000)

Raman Sideband Spectrum of $^{32} \text{Yb}^+$ ions



Programmable/Reconfigurable Quantum Computer Module



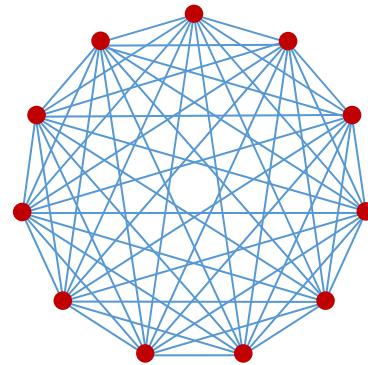
Full “Quantum Stack” architecture

User	Quantum Algorithms: <i>Deutsch-Jozsa, QFT, etc.</i>
Quantum compiler	Universal gates: <i>Hadamard, C-NOT, C-Phase, etc.</i> Native gates: <i>XX-Gates, R-gates</i>
Quantum control	Pulse shaping: <i>Optimization of XX- and R-Gates</i>
Hardware	Optical addressing: <i>Qubit manipulation/ detection</i> Ion trap: <i>Linear ion-chain, optical access, etc.</i>

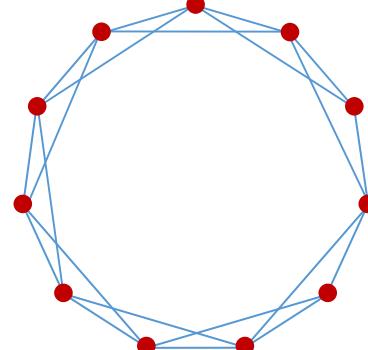
Benchmarking 11-qubit register



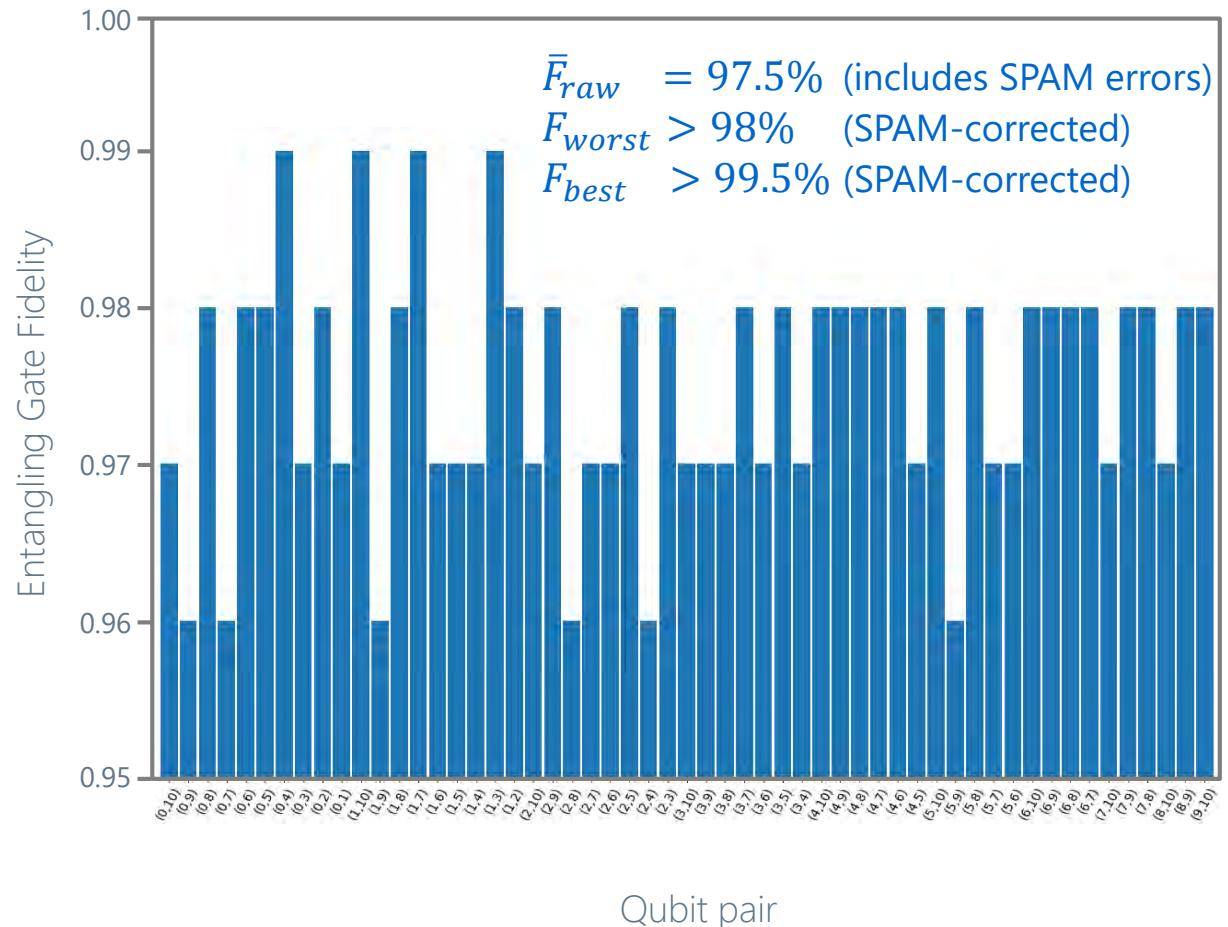
11 Trapped Ions
fully connected
 $\binom{11}{2} = 55$ gates



2D nearest-neighbor



Fidelities of all two-qubit gates



Benchmarking 11-qubit register

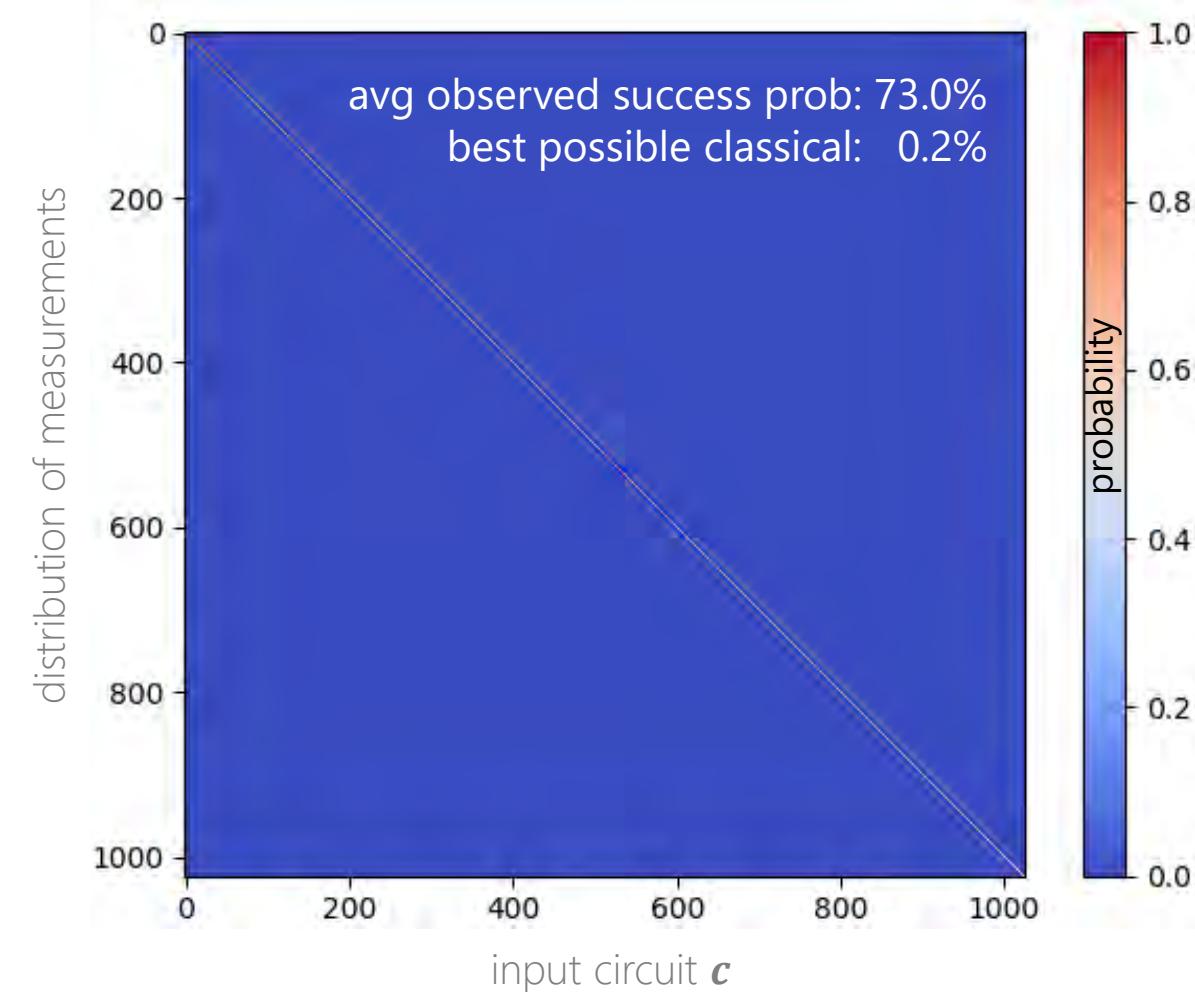
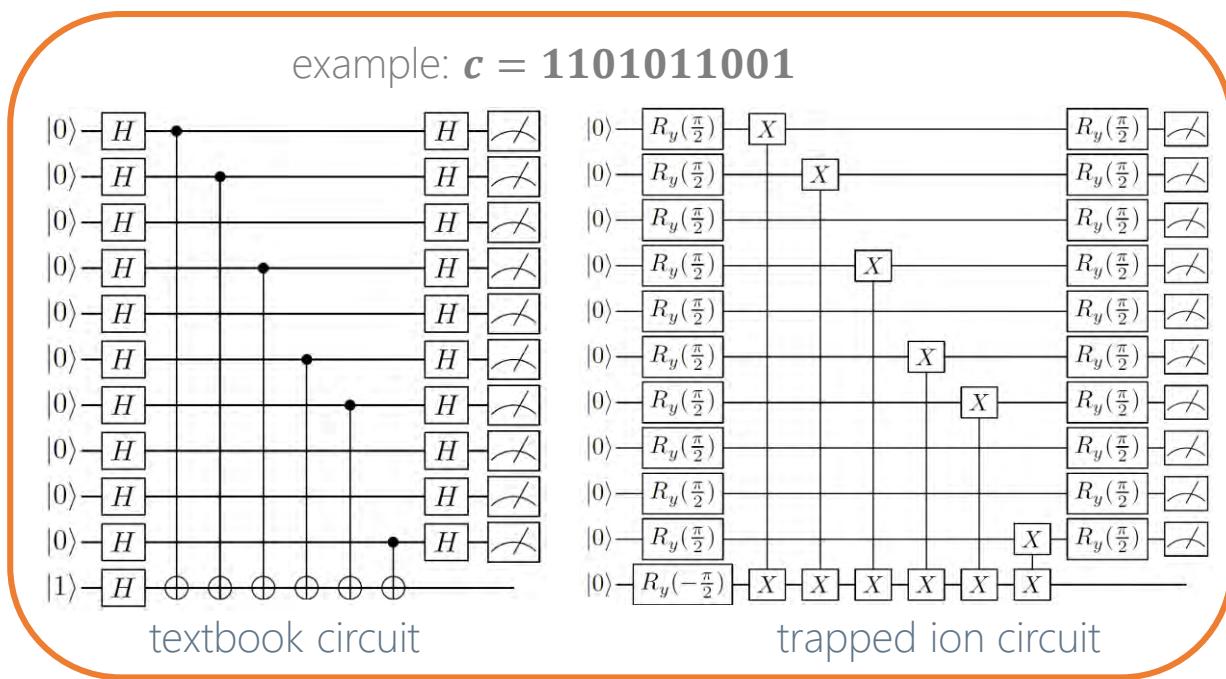


Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm

Given $f(x) = \mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{x}$, find n -bit string \mathbf{c}

classical: n queries

quantum: 1 query



Build it and they will come!

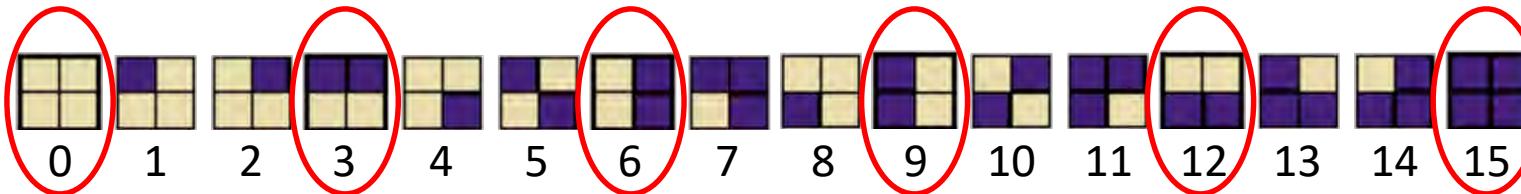
application	#qubits	# 2Q gates	# 1Q gates	fidelity	reference	collaborator
CNOT	2	1	3	99%	Nature 536, 63 (2016)	
QFT Phase est.	5	10	70-75	61.9%	Nature 536, 63 (2016)	
QFT period finding	5	10	70-75	695-97%	Nature 536, 63 (2016)	
Deutsch-Jozsa	5	1-4	13-34	93%-97%	Nature 536, 63 (2016)	
Bernstein-Vazirani	5	0-4	10-38	90%	Nature 536, 63 (2016)	
Hidden Shift	5	4	42-50	77%	PNAS 114, 13 (2017)	Microsoft
Grover Phase	3	10	35	85%	Nat. Comm. 8, 1918 (2017)	NSF
Grover Boolean	5	16	49	83%	Nat. Comm. 8, 1918 (2017)	NSF
Margolus	3	3	11	90%	PNAS 114, 13 (2017)	Microsoft
Toffoli	3	5	9	90%	PNAS 114, 13 (2017)	Microsoft
Toffoli-4	5	11	22	71%	Debnath Thesis	NSF
Fredkin Gate	3	7	14	86%	arXiv:1712.08581 (2017)	Intel
Fermi-Hubbard Sim.	5	31	132		arXiv:1712.08581 (2017)	Intel
Scrambling Test	7	15	30	75%	arXiv: 1806.02807 (2018)	Perimeter, UCB
Bayesian Games	5	5	15		Qu. Sci. Tech 3, 045002 (2018)	Army Res. Lab.
Machine Learning (detection)	5	n/a	n/a		arXiv:1801.07686 (2018)	JQI
Machine Learning (state synth)	4	5*N	30*N	90%	arXiv 1812.08862 (2018)	NASA
[[4,2,2]] Error Det.	5	6-7	20-25	98%-99.9%	Sci. Adv. 3, e1701074 (2017)	Duke
Full Adder	4	4	16	83%	In preparation (2018)	NSF
Simultaneous CNOT	4	2	8	94%	In preparation (2018)	NSF
Deuteron Simulation	3	35	30	<0.5% error	In preparation (2019)	ORNL
Circuit QAOA	7-9	42	50		In preparation (2019)	Perimeter, Intel

Dynamical Circuits for Machine Learning

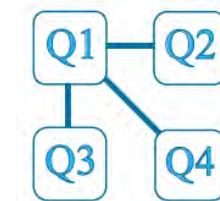
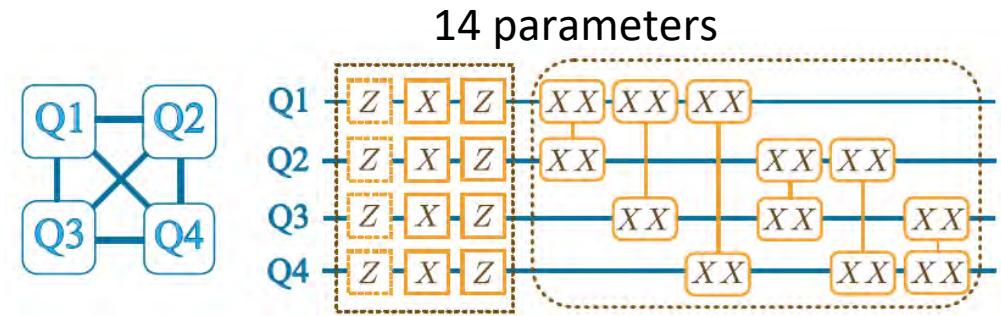
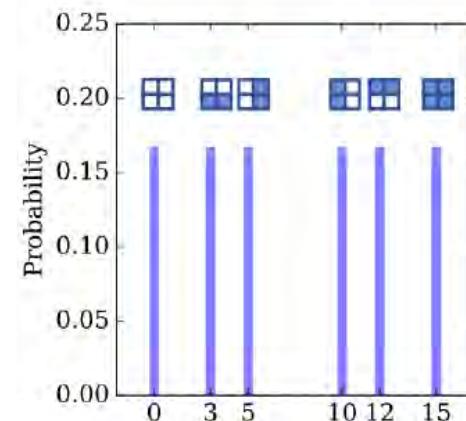
arXiv 1812.08862 (2018)
with A. Perdomo-Ortiz (NASA)
M. Benedetti (UC London)

see also E. Martinez et al., New J. Phys. 18, 063029 (2016)

N=4 qubits encodes “Bars and Stripes” patterns

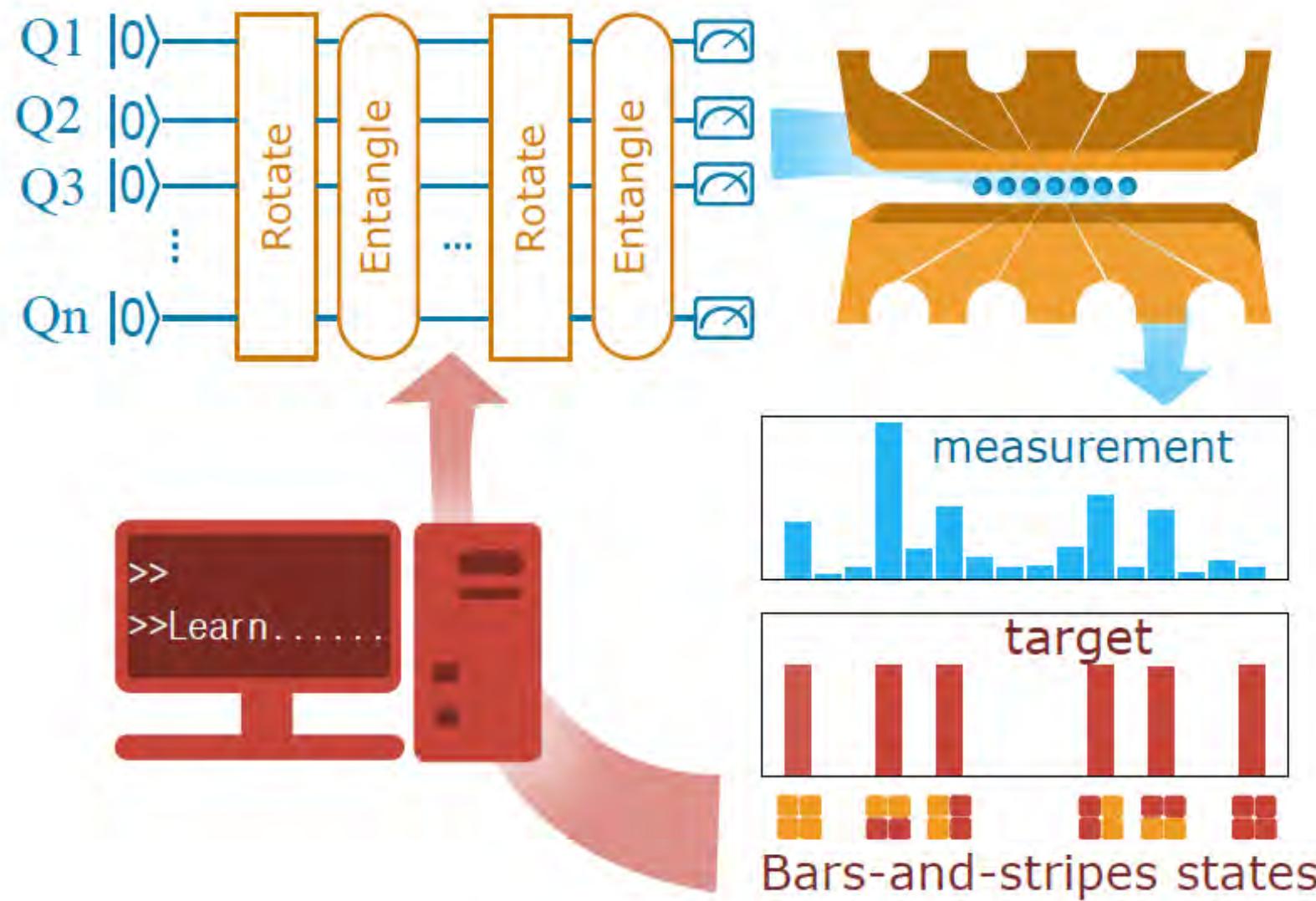


Our task:
prepare equal
superposition of
all B&S states

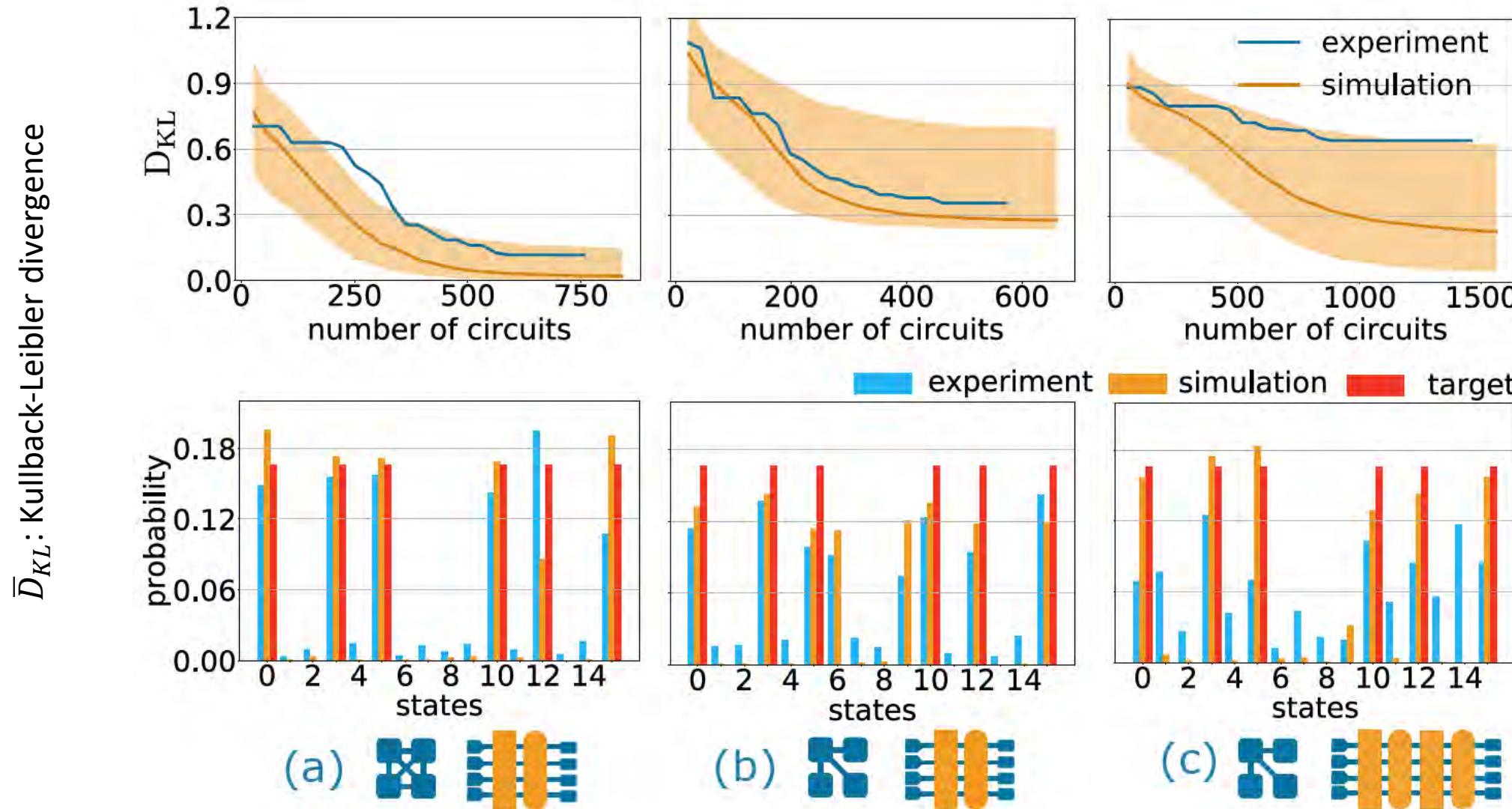


11 parameters

Hybrid Quantum-Classical Learning Loop

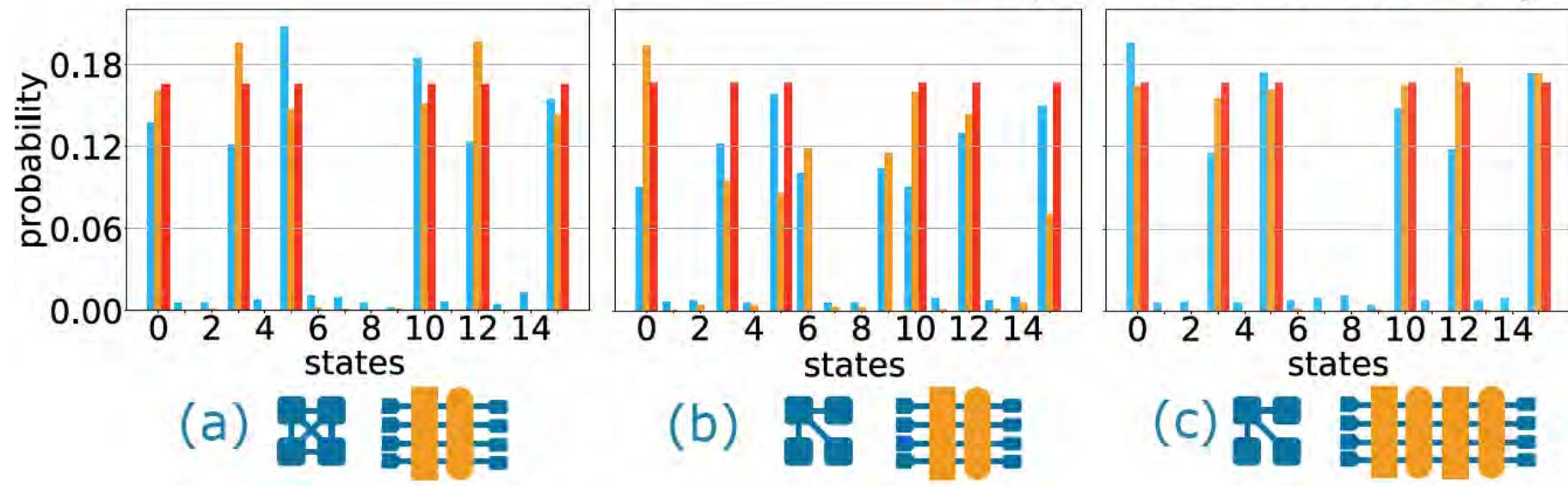
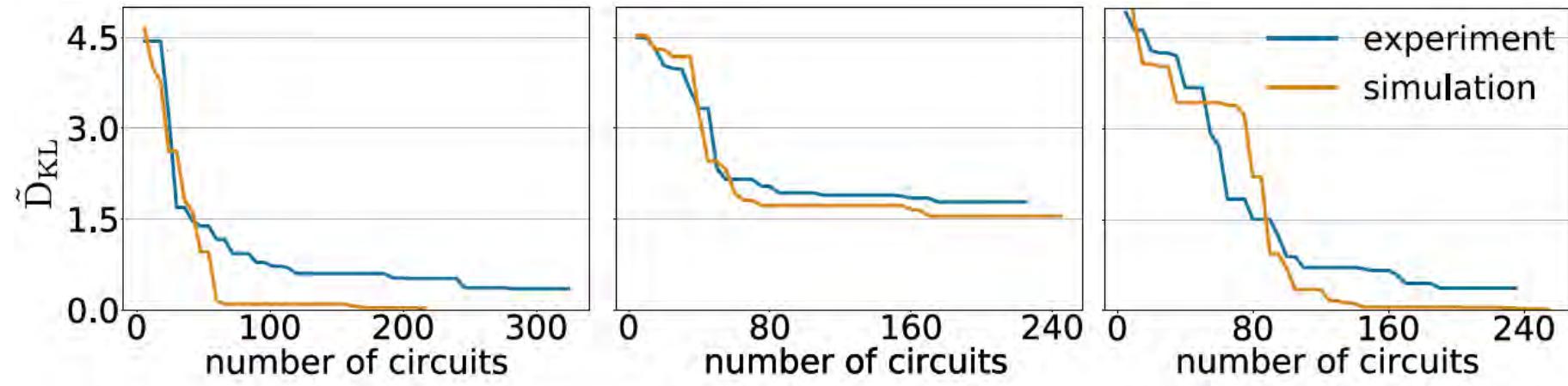


Particle Swarm (classical) optimization



Bayesian (classical) optimization

\tilde{D}_{KL} : Kullback-Leibler divergence

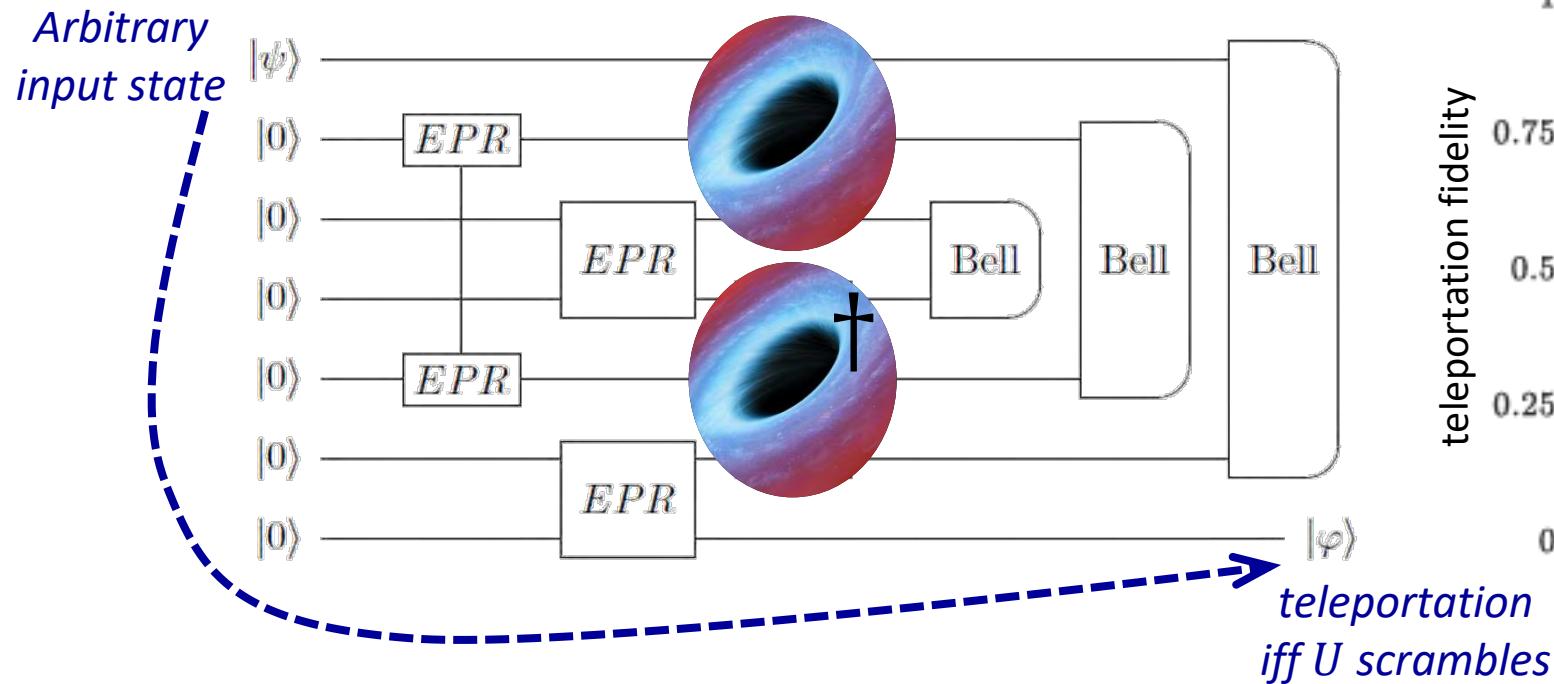


Quantum Scrambling Litmus Test (7 qubit circuit)

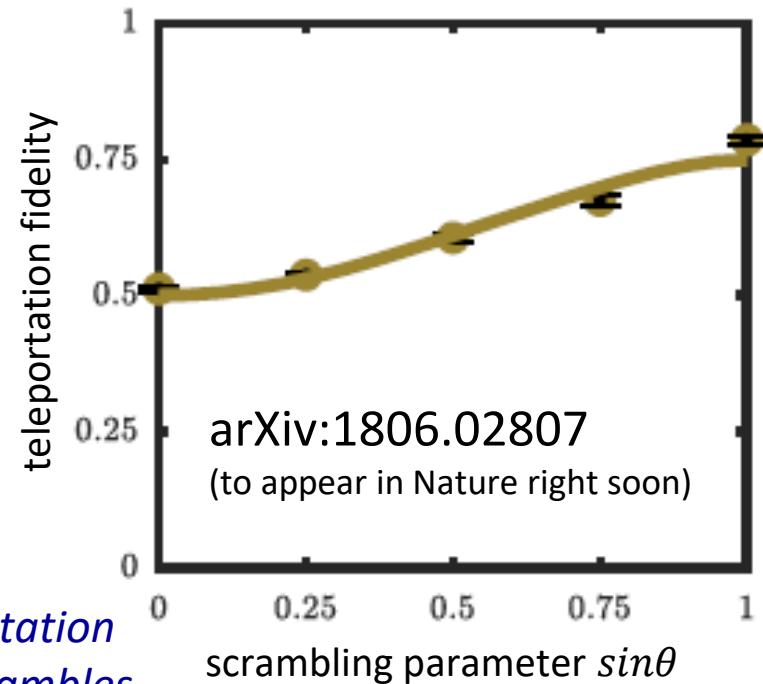
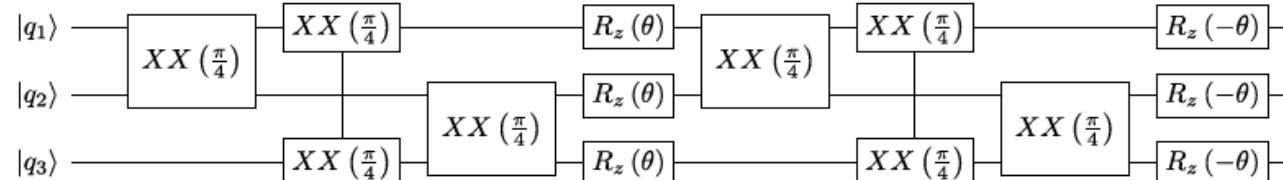
N. Yao (UC Berkeley)
B. Yoshida (Perimeter)
arXiv:1803.10772

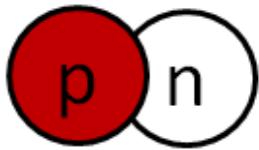
Quantum scrambling

- The “complete diffusion” of entanglement within a system
- Relevant to information evolution in black holes
Hayden and Preskill, J. HEP 9, 120 (2007); Susskind and Zhao, arXiv:1707.04354 (2017)
- OTOC measurements can be ambiguous



U :





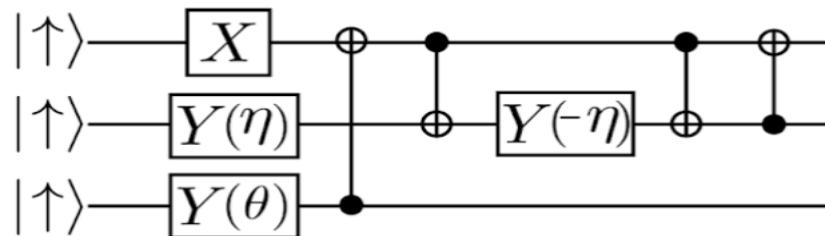
Simulating the Ground State of the Deuteron

ORNL (R. Pooser, E. Dumitrescu, P. Lougovski, A. McCaskey)

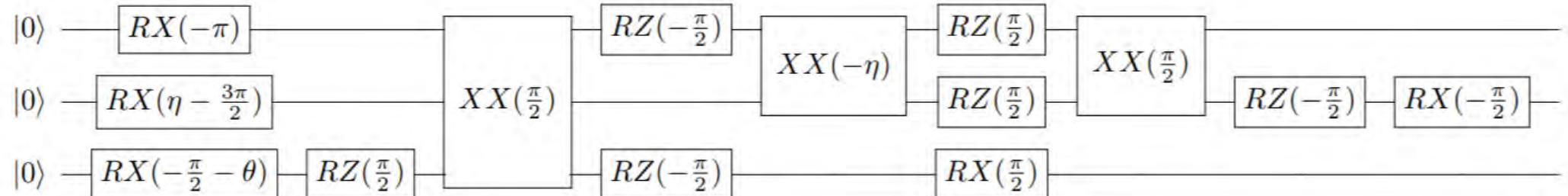
UMD (K. Landsman, N. Linke, D. Zhu, CM)

IonQ (Y. Nam, O. Shehab, CM)

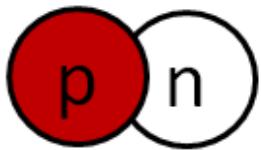
canonical
UCC ansatz



... compiled
to our native
gate set

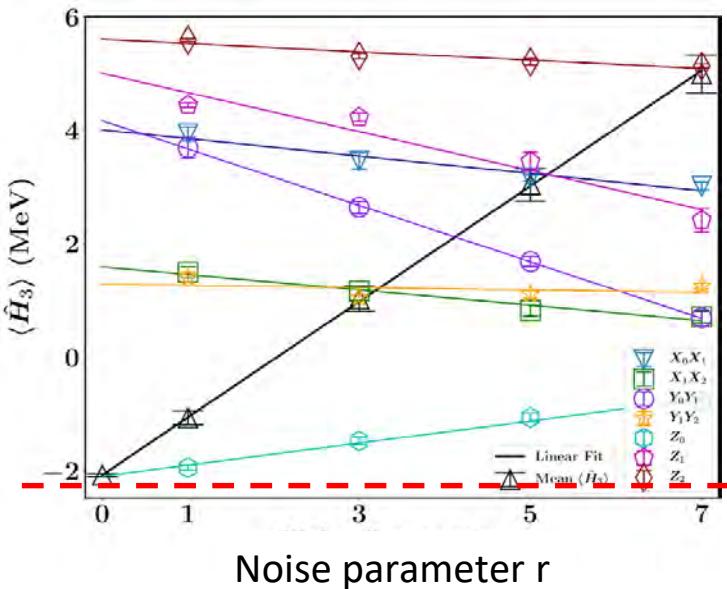


$$\begin{aligned} H = & (15.531709)I + (0.218291)Z_0 - (6.125)Z_1 - (9.625)Z_2 \\ & - (2.143304)X_0X_1 - (2.143304)Y_0Y_1 - (3.913119)X_1X_2 - (3.913119)Y_1Y_2 \end{aligned}$$



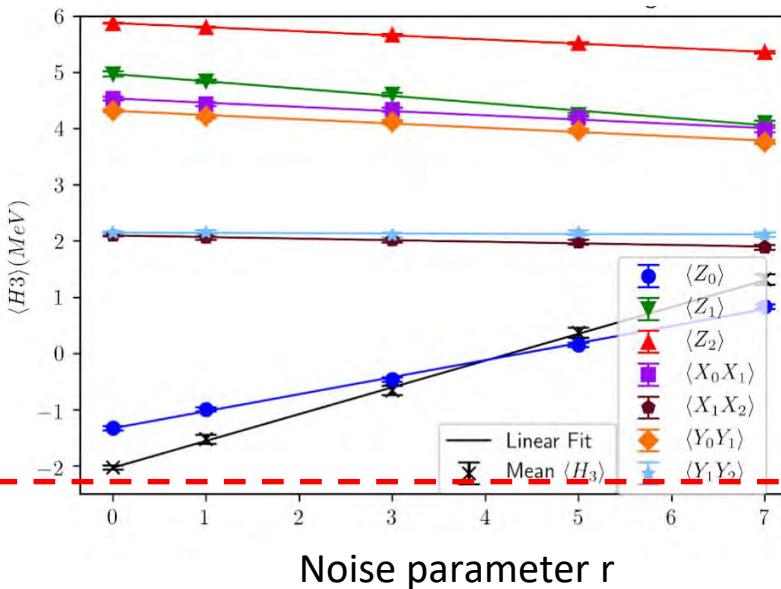
Simulating the Ground State of the Deuteron

Extrapolated ground state energy for theoretically determined optimal angles (exact: -2.22 MeV):



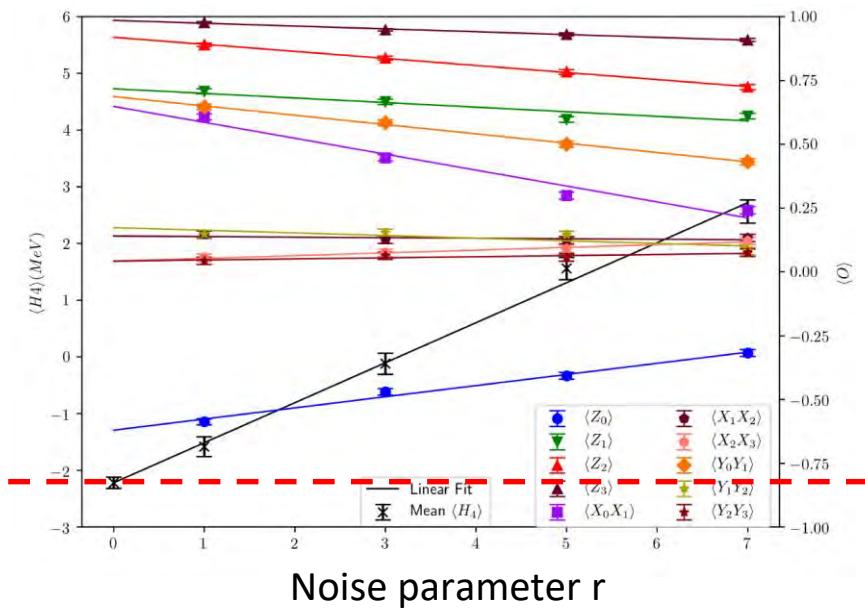
IBM 3-qubit ansatz
3% error

E.F. Dumitrescu, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **120**, 210501 (2018)



UMD 3-qubit ansatz
0.7% error

O. Shehab, et al. (*in preparation*)



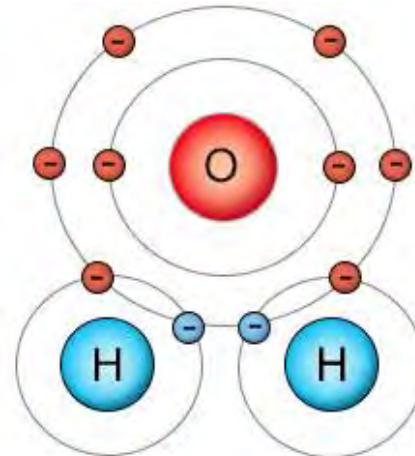
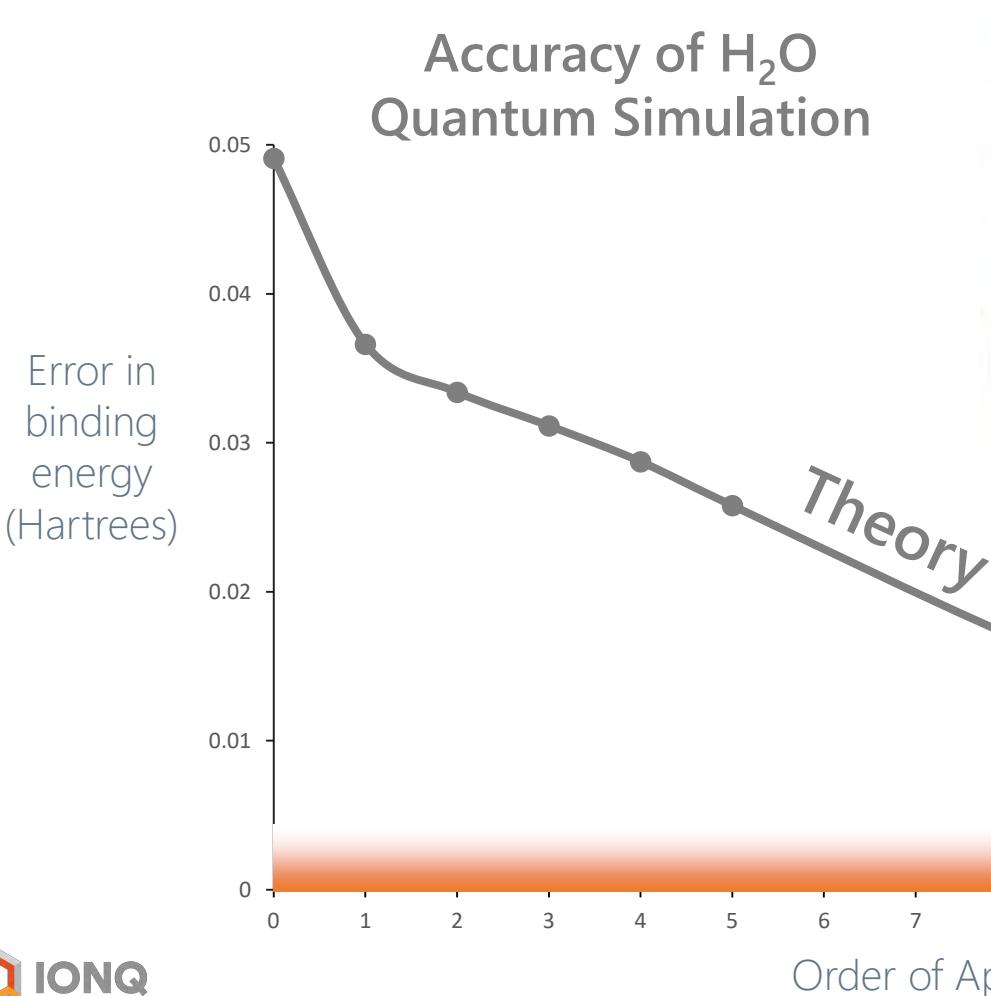
UMD 4-qubit ansatz
(<0.5% error)

O. Shehab, et al. (*in preparation*)

(Note: implementing 3-qubit ansatz on Rigetti system was not possible)

Variational Circuit Simulation of H₂O

The Theory of Variational Hybrid Quantum-Classical Algorithms, New J. Phys. **18**, 023023 (2016) [Aspuru-Guzik group]

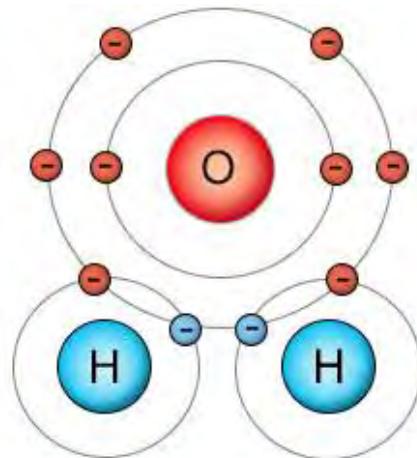
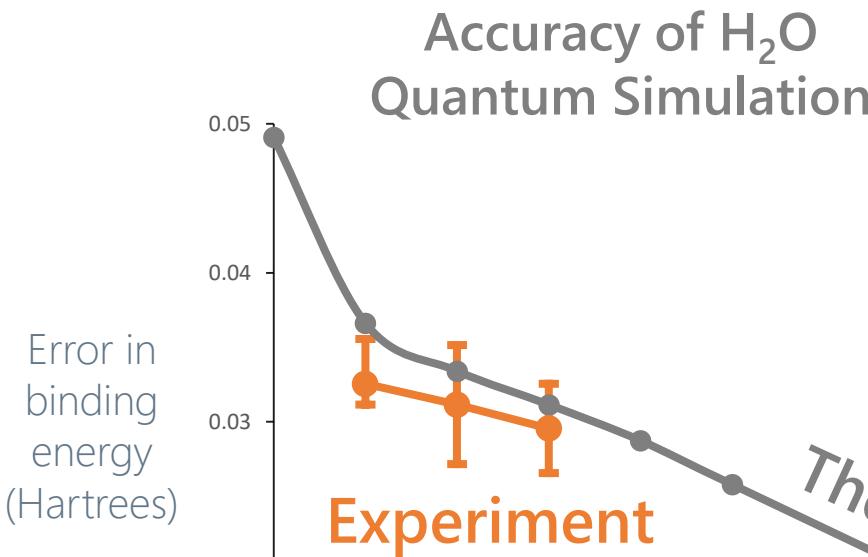


Order of Approx.	Naïve qubits	Naïve gates	Optimized qubits	Optimized gates	Binding Energy (Hartrees)
MFT					-74.9624
+1 term	4	40	2	2	-74.9749
+2 terms	4	80	2	2	-74.9781
+3 terms	8	112	4	6	-74.9804
+4 terms	8	144	4	8	-74.9828
+5 terms	10	232	5	10	-74.9858
+8 terms	10	264	10	60	-74.9944
+10 terms	10	348	10	87	-74.9990
+11 terms	10	532	10	90	-75.0020
+13 terms	10	596	10	119	-75.0074
+15 terms	10	648	10	143	-75.0087
+19 terms	12	730	12	166	-75.0104
+21 terms	12	800	12	206	-75.0104
EXACT:					-75.0116

accuracy target

Variational Circuit Simulation of H₂O

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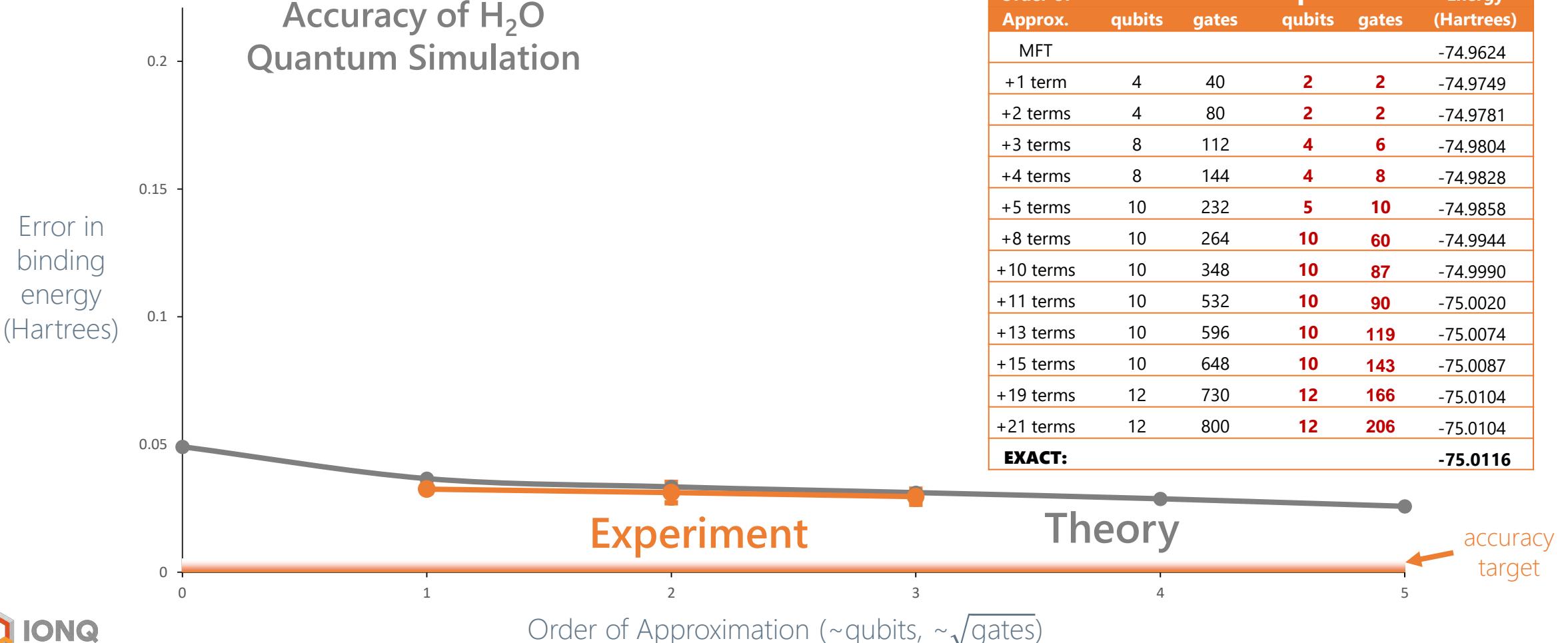


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+21 terms	12	800	12	206	-75.0104
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accuracy target

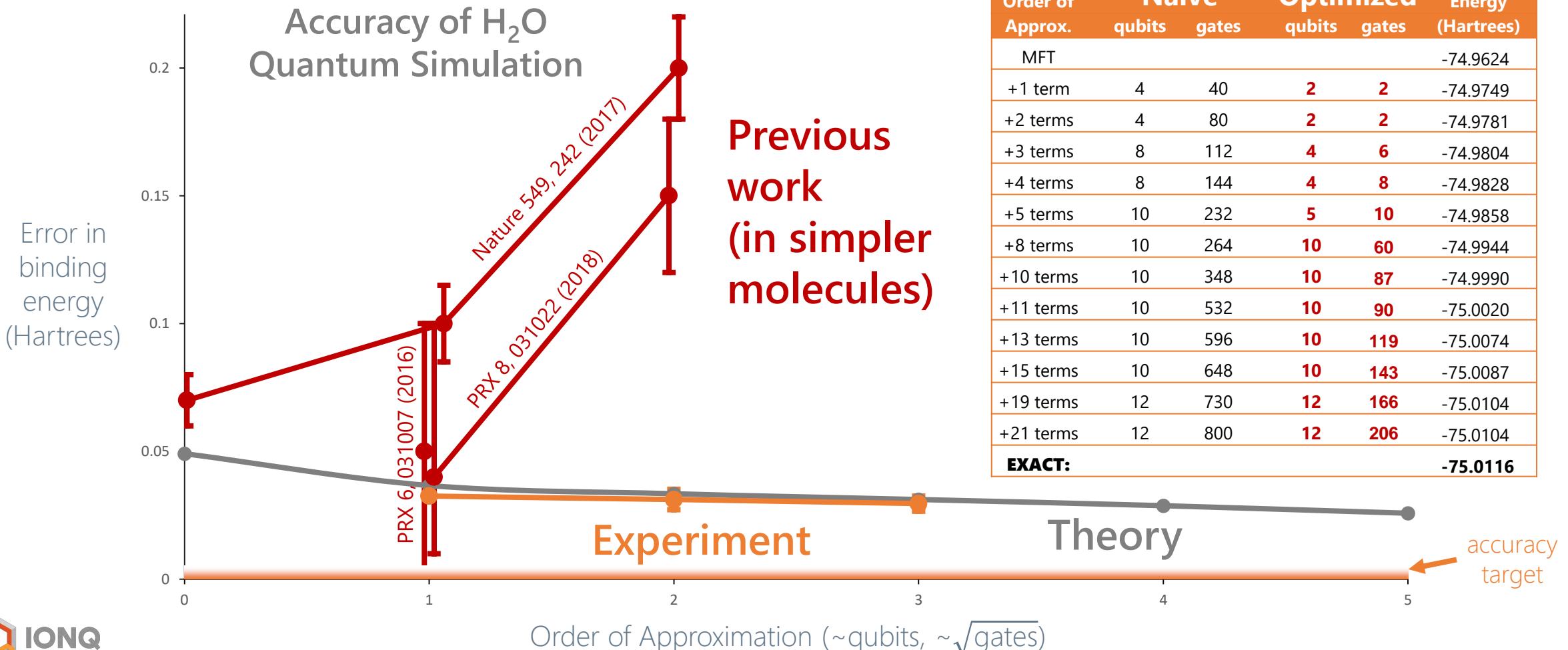
Variational Circuit Simulation of H₂O

The Theory of Variational Hybrid Quantum-Classical Algorithms, New J. Phys. **18**, 023023 (2016) [Aspuru-Guzik group]

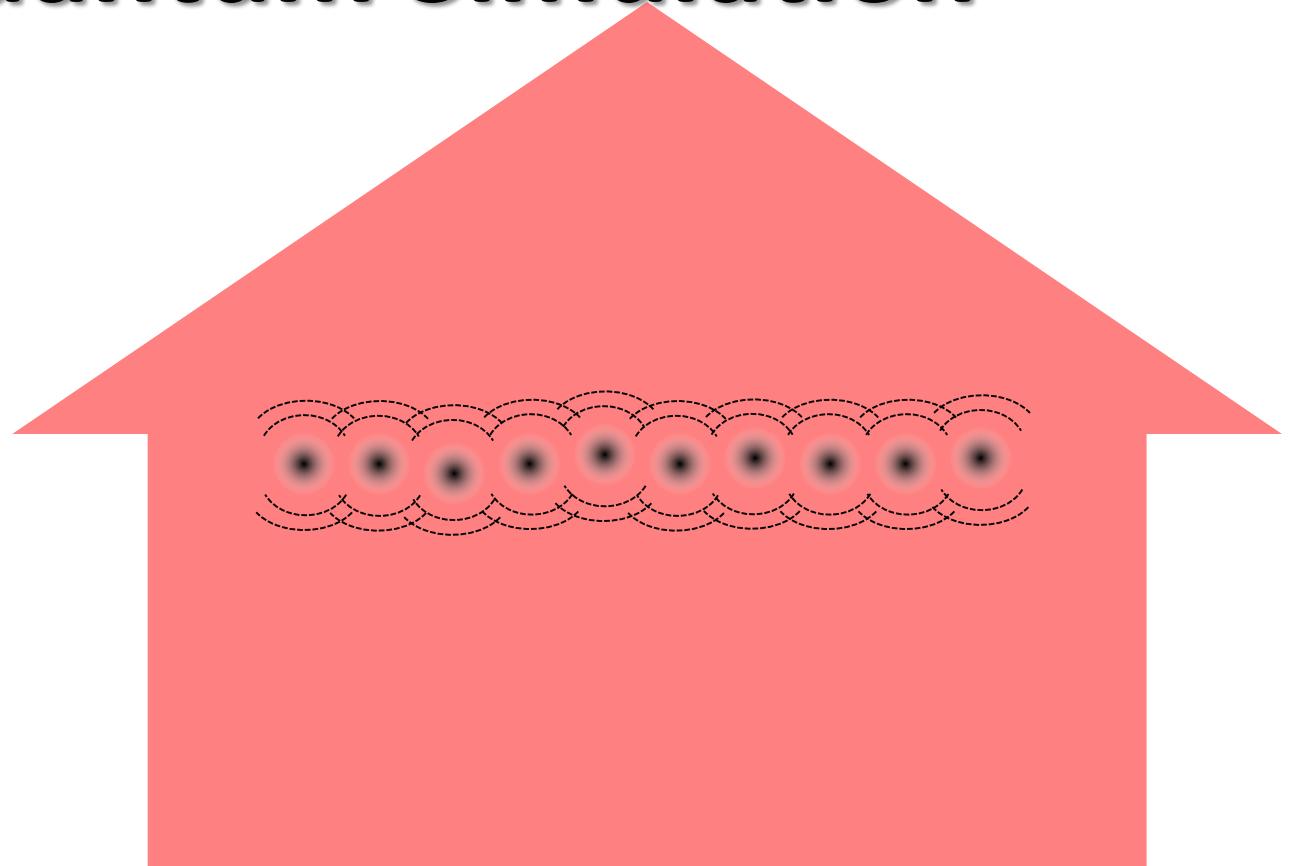


Variational Circuit Simulation of H₂O

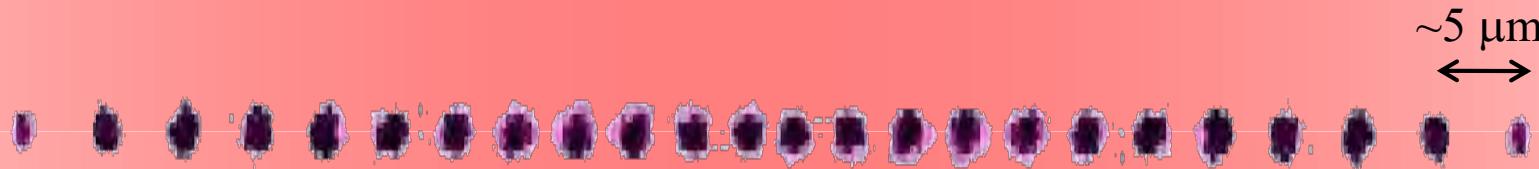
The Theory of Variational Hybrid Quantum-Classical Algorithms, New J. Phys. **18**, 023023 (2016) [Aspuru-Guzik group]



(Analog) Quantum Simulation



Global Entanglement of Trapped Ion Qubits



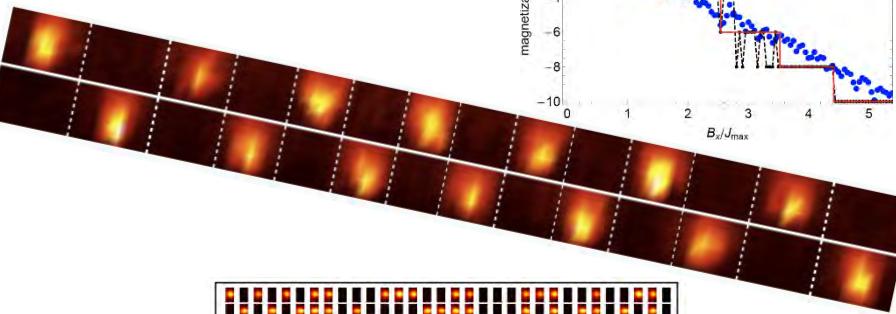
Long-range Ising Hamiltonian

$$H = \sum_{i < j} \frac{J_0}{|i - j|^\alpha} \sigma_x^i \sigma_x^j + B \sum_i \sigma_y^i \quad J_{ij} = \frac{J_0}{|i - j|^\alpha} \quad \begin{aligned} 0 < \alpha < 3 \\ J_0 \sim 2\pi(1 \text{ kHz}) \\ J_0\tau \sim 50 \end{aligned}$$

Porras and Cirac (2003)
Schaetz group [2 ions] (2008)
UMD [3-50 ions] (2008-)
Innsbruck [5-20 ions] (2012-)

Quantum Simulations

$$H = \sum_{i < j} \frac{J_0}{|i - j|^\alpha} \sigma_x^i \sigma_x^j + \sum_i B_i \sigma_y^i$$



FM and AFM order

R. Islam, et al., *Science* **340**, 583 (2013)

Breakup of Ising ordering: Devil's Staircase

P. Richerme et. al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **111**, 100506 (2013)

Propagation of correlations and entanglement

P. Richerme et. al., *Nature* **511**, 198 (2014)

P. Jurcevic et al., *Nature* **511**, 202 (2014)

Many-Body Spectroscopy

C. Senko et. al., *Science* **345**, 430 (2014)

P. Jurcevic, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **115**, 100501 (2015)

Spin-1 Dynamics

C. Senko, et al., *Phys. Rev. X* **5**, 021026 (2015)

Quantum Prethermalization/Manybody Localization

J. Smith, et al., *Nature Physics* **12**, 894 (2016)

B. Neyenhuis, et al., *Science Adv.* **3**, e1700672 (2017)

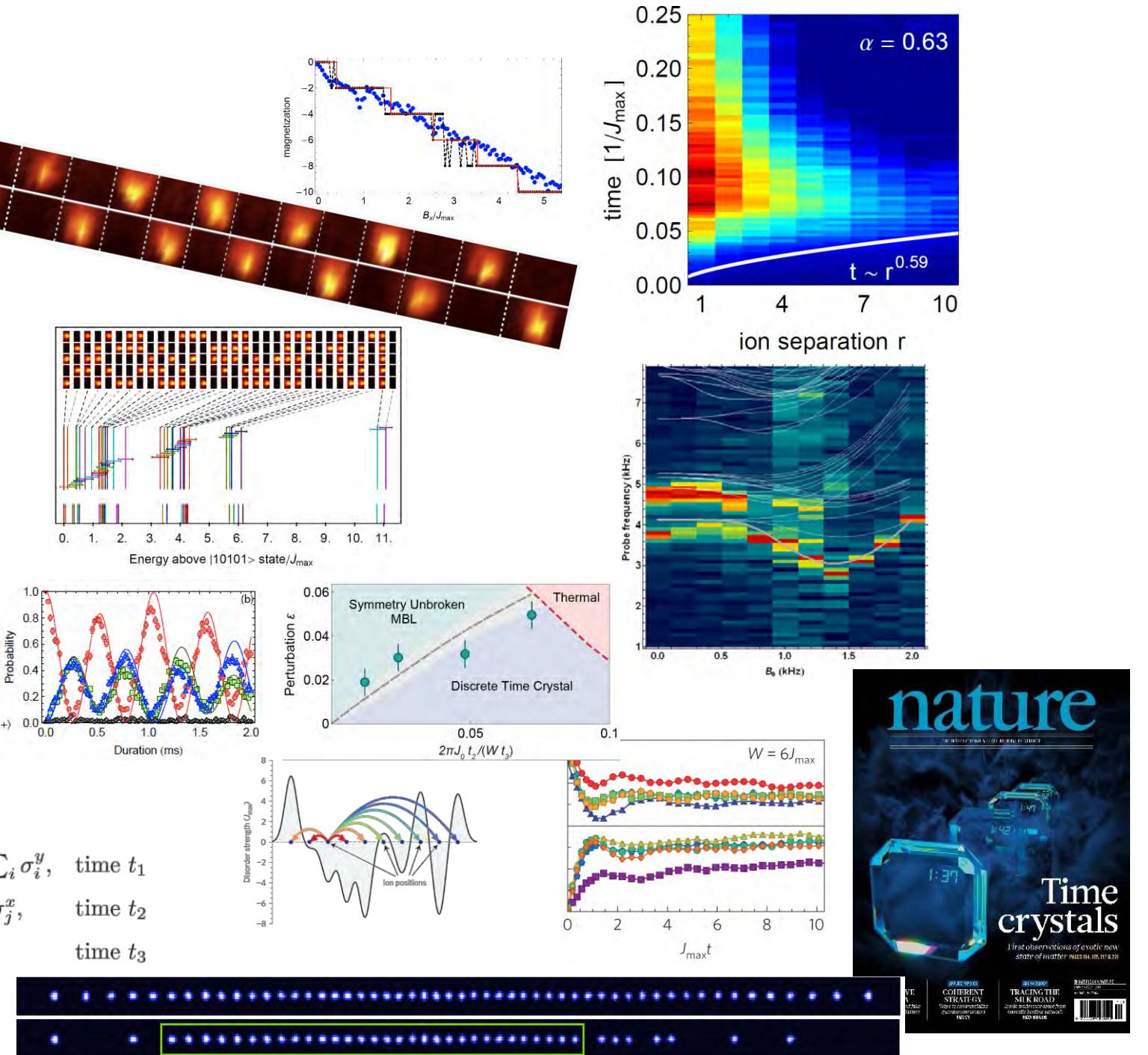
Observation of a Time Crystal

J. Zhang, et al., *Nature* **543**, 217 (2017)

Dynamical Phase Transition

P. Jurcevic, et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **119**, 080501 (2017)

J. Zhang, et al., *Nature* **551**, 601 (2017)



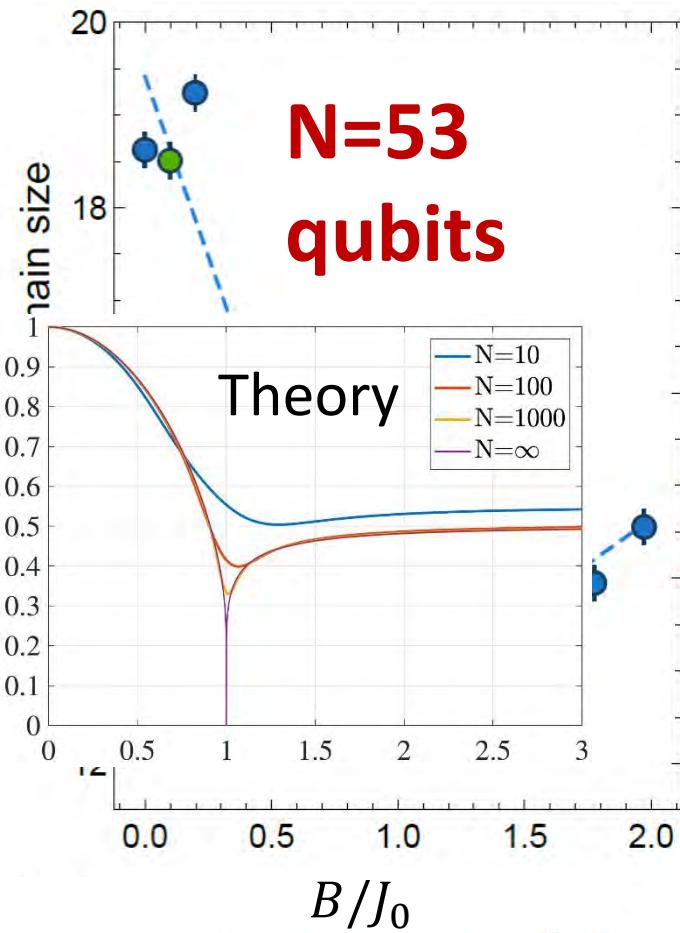
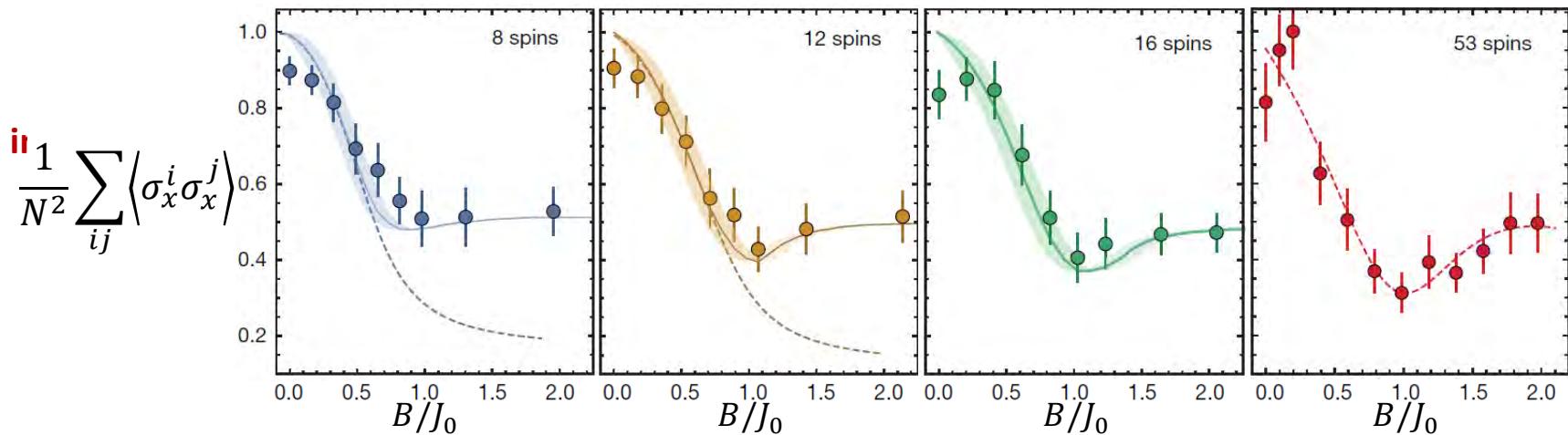
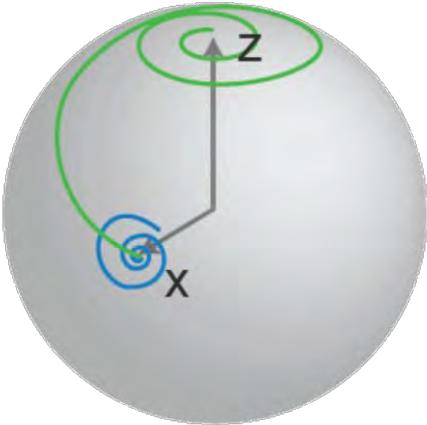
Dynamical Phase Transition with 50+ Qubits

(1) Prepare spins along x

(2) Quench spins to

(3) Measure along x

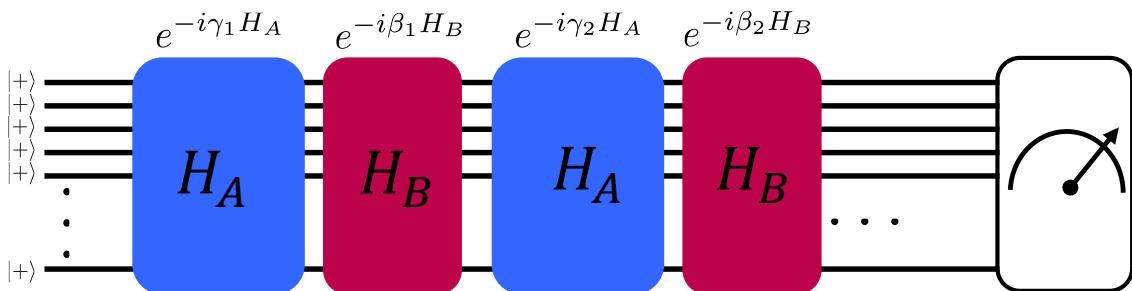
$$H = \sum_{i < j} \frac{J_0}{|i - j|^\alpha} \sigma_x^i \sigma_x^j + B \sum_i \sigma_z^i$$



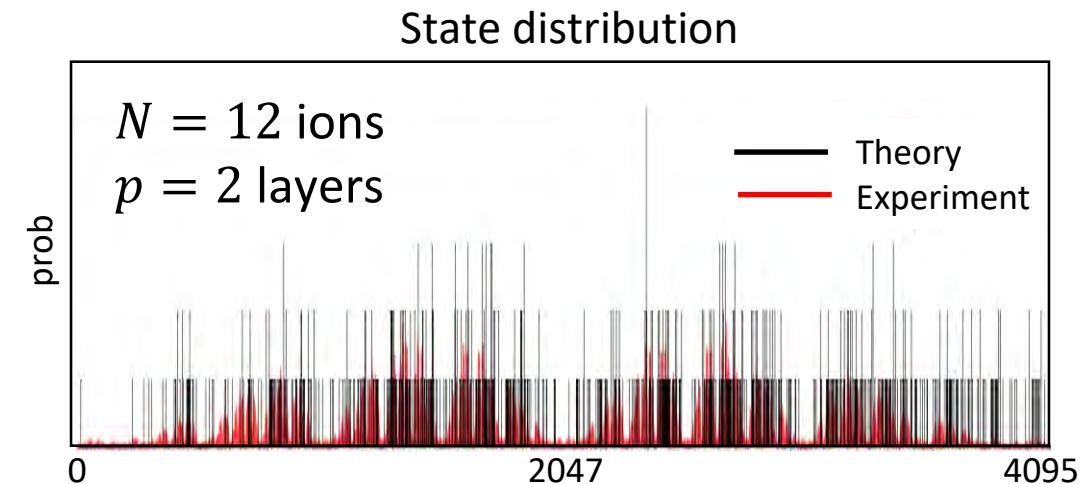
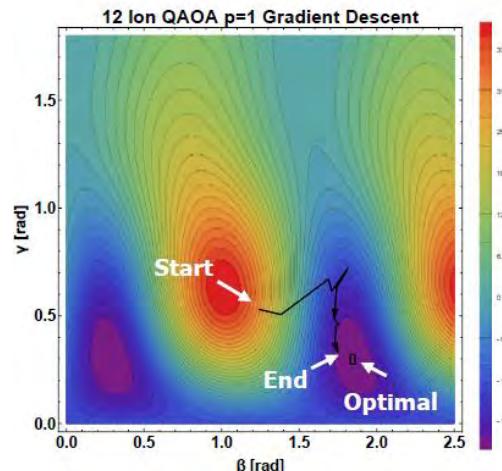
Quantum Approximate Optimization Algorithm (QAOA)

Goal: create (approximate) ground state of $H = \underbrace{\sum_{i < j} \frac{J_0}{|i - j|^\alpha} \sigma_x^i \sigma_x^j}_{H_A} + \underbrace{B \sum_i \sigma_y^i}_{H_B}$

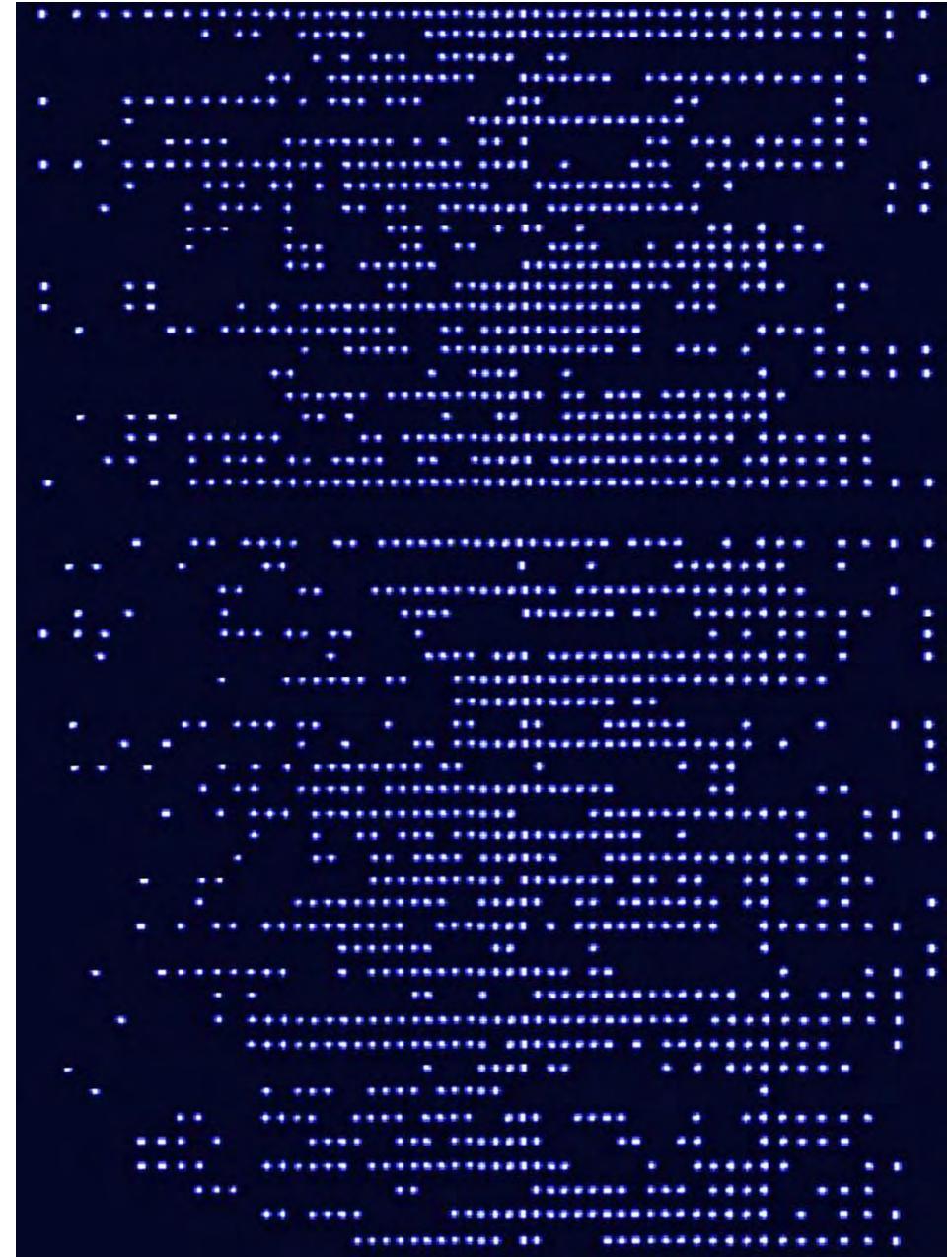
- (1) Prepare the ground state of H_B
- (2) Alternate H_A and H_B for p “layers” with evolution angles $\{\vec{\gamma}, \vec{\beta}\}$
- (3) Measure the the energy or complete state distribution
- (4) Optimize $\{\vec{\gamma}, \vec{\beta}\}$ to minimize $\langle H \rangle$

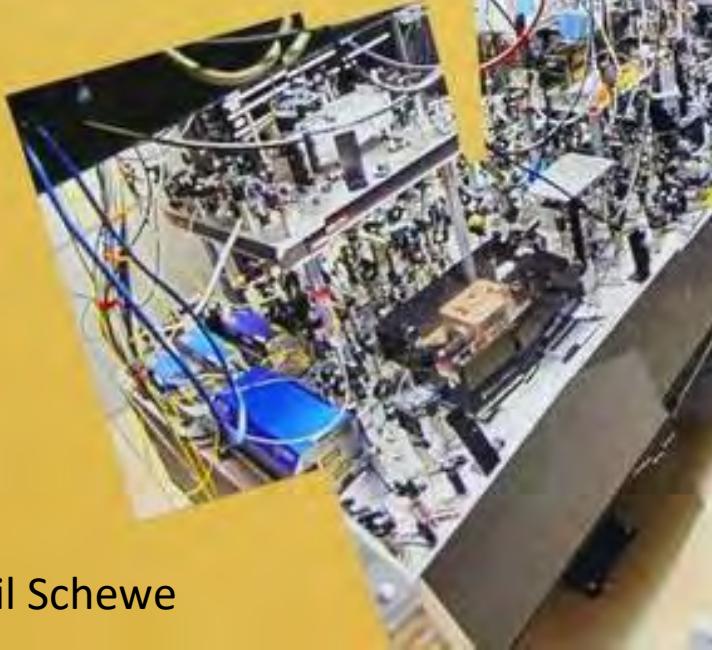


$N = 12$ ions
 $p = 1$ layer



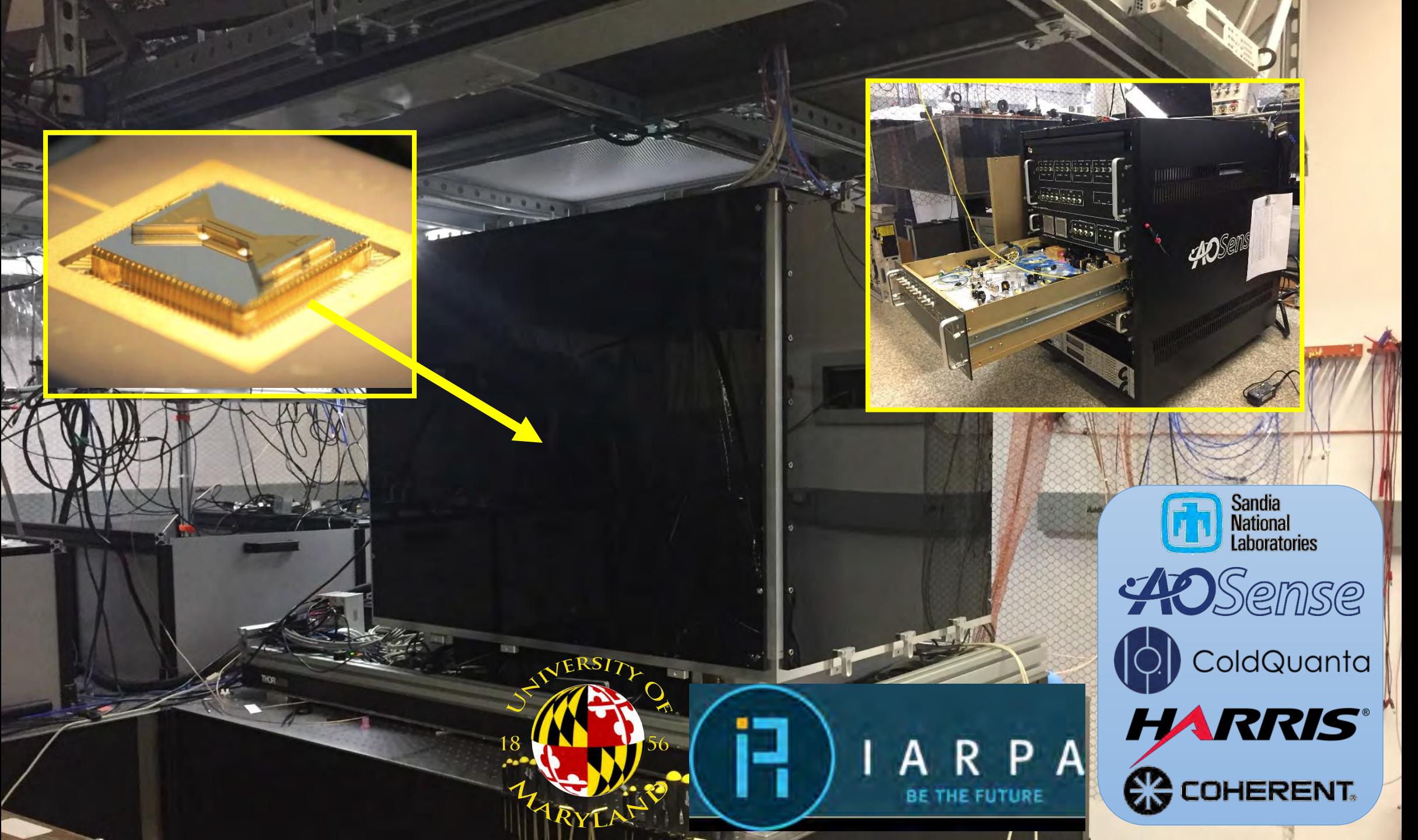
Scaling the System





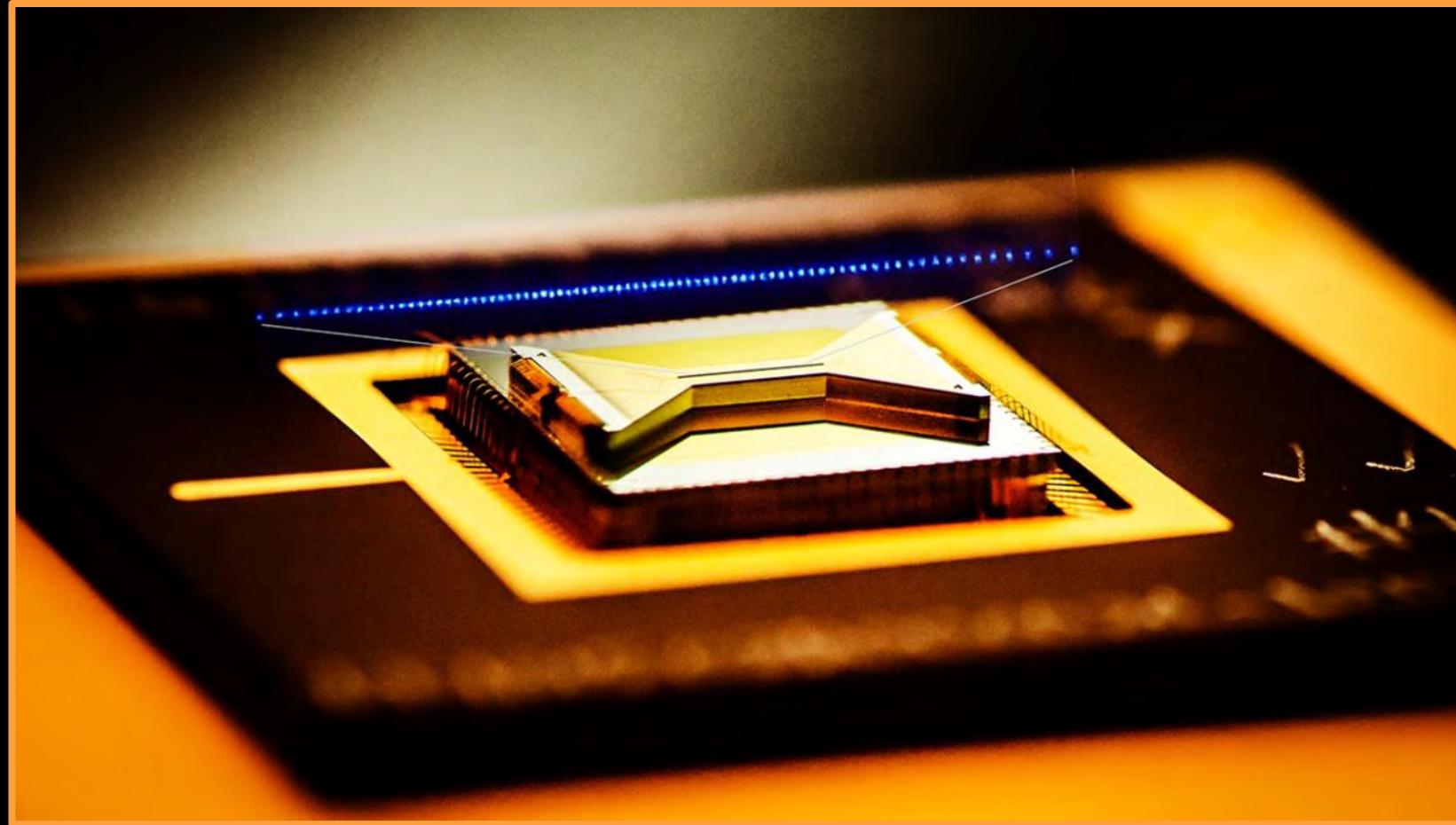
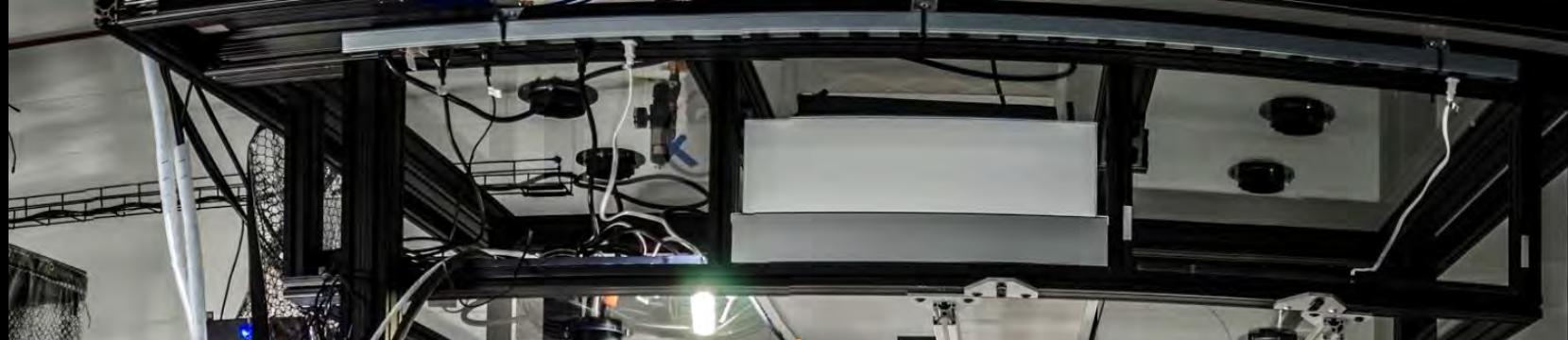
Ion Trap Lab at
JQI-Maryland

Photo: Phil Schewe

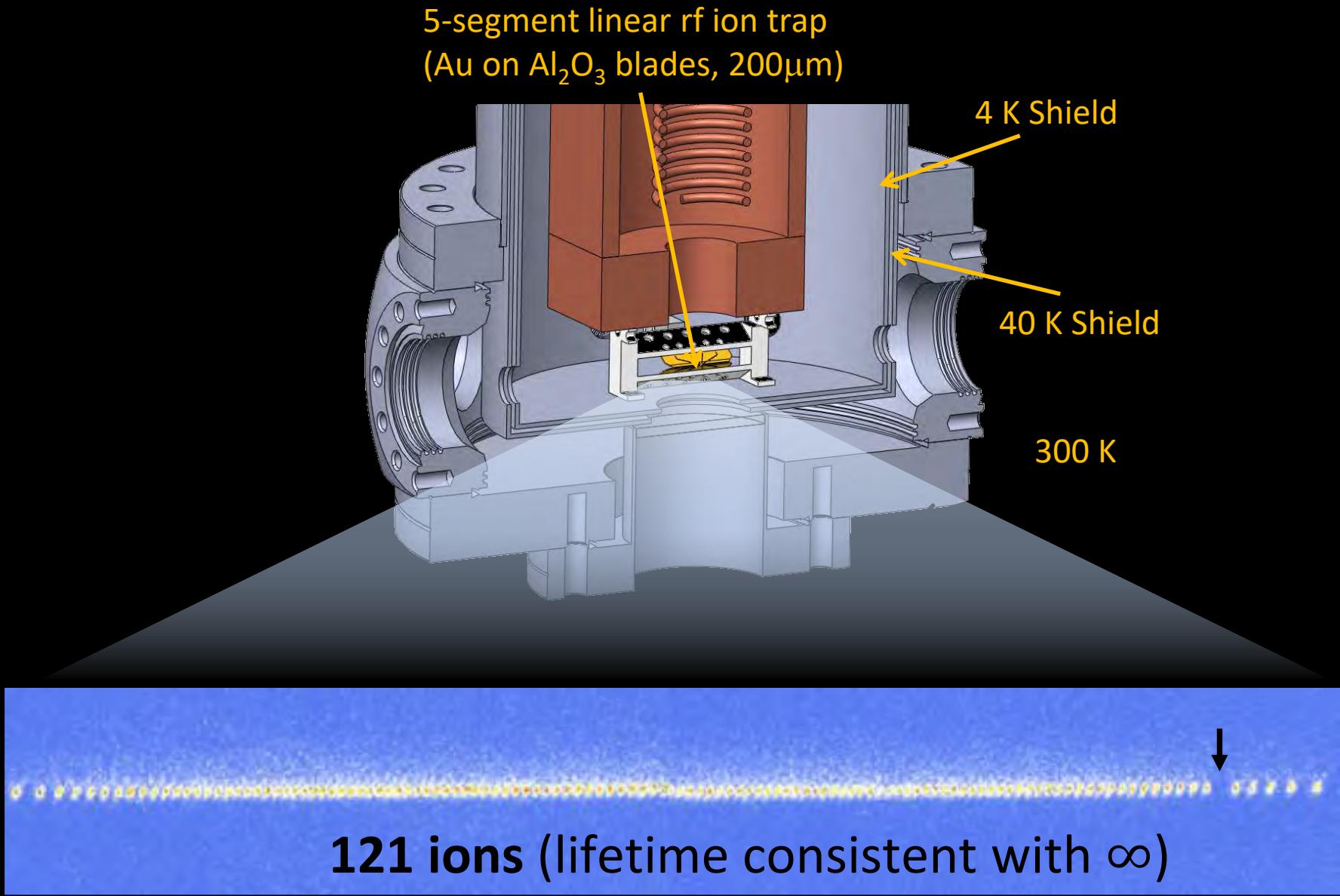




IONQ System1

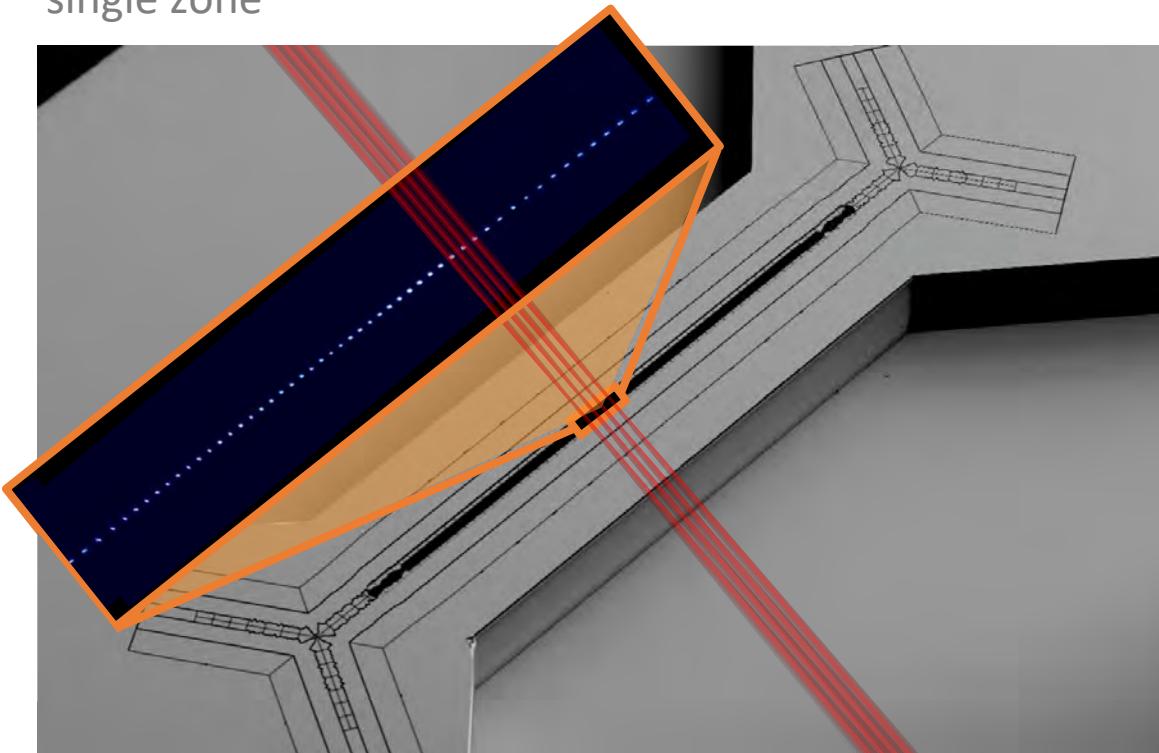


4K environment (better vacuum!)

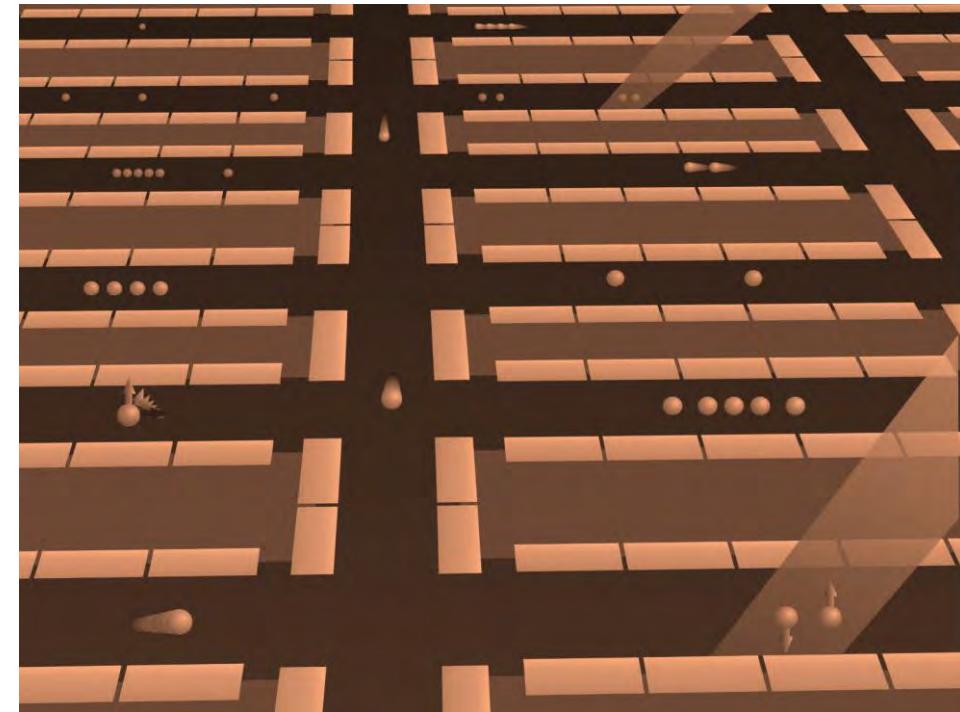


Scaling to 100-1000s of Qubits

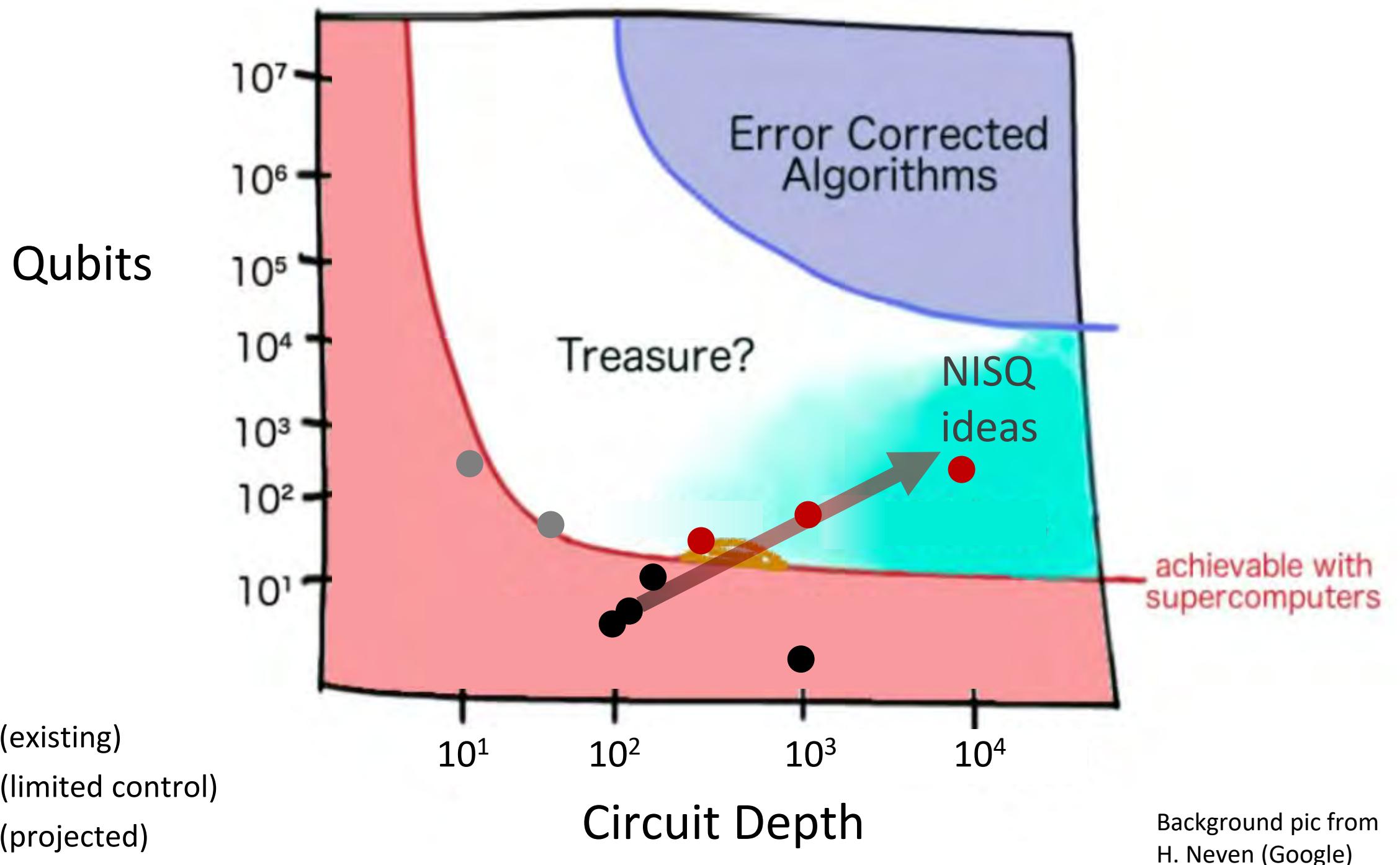
Linear shuttling through
single zone



Modular shuttling between
multiple zones

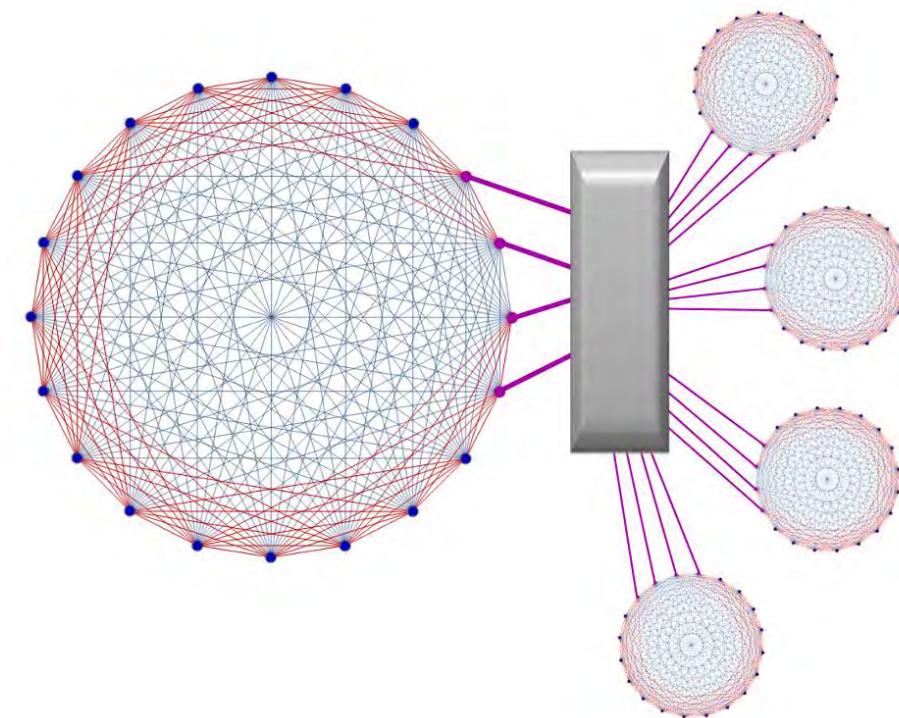
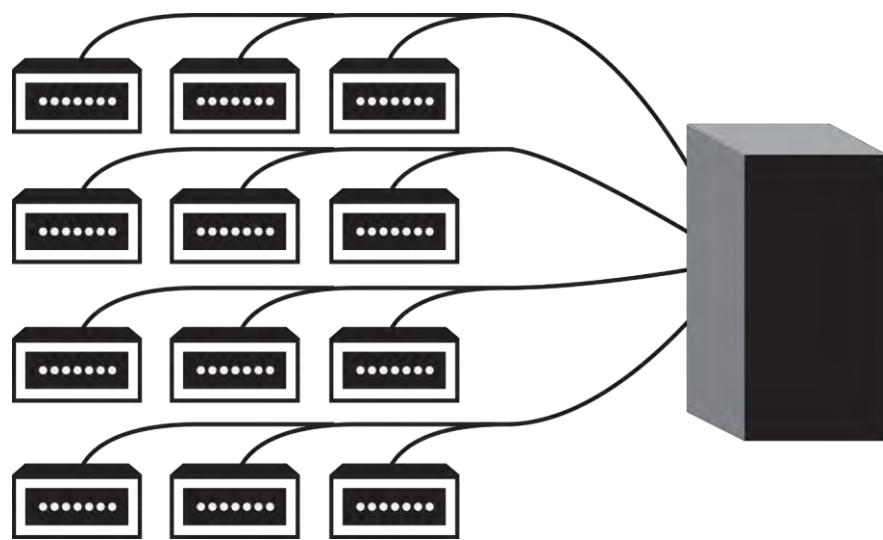


Kielpinski, Monroe, Wineland, Nature 417, 709 (2002)
Leikesh, et al., Science Advances 3, e1601540 (2017)



Scaling beyond 1000s of Qubits: photonics

Modular optical interconnects



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Li and Benjamin, *New J. Phys.* **14**, 093008 (2012)
Monroe, et al., *Phys. Rev. A* **89**, 022317 (2014)



Trapped Ion Quantum Information

www.iontrap.umd.edu



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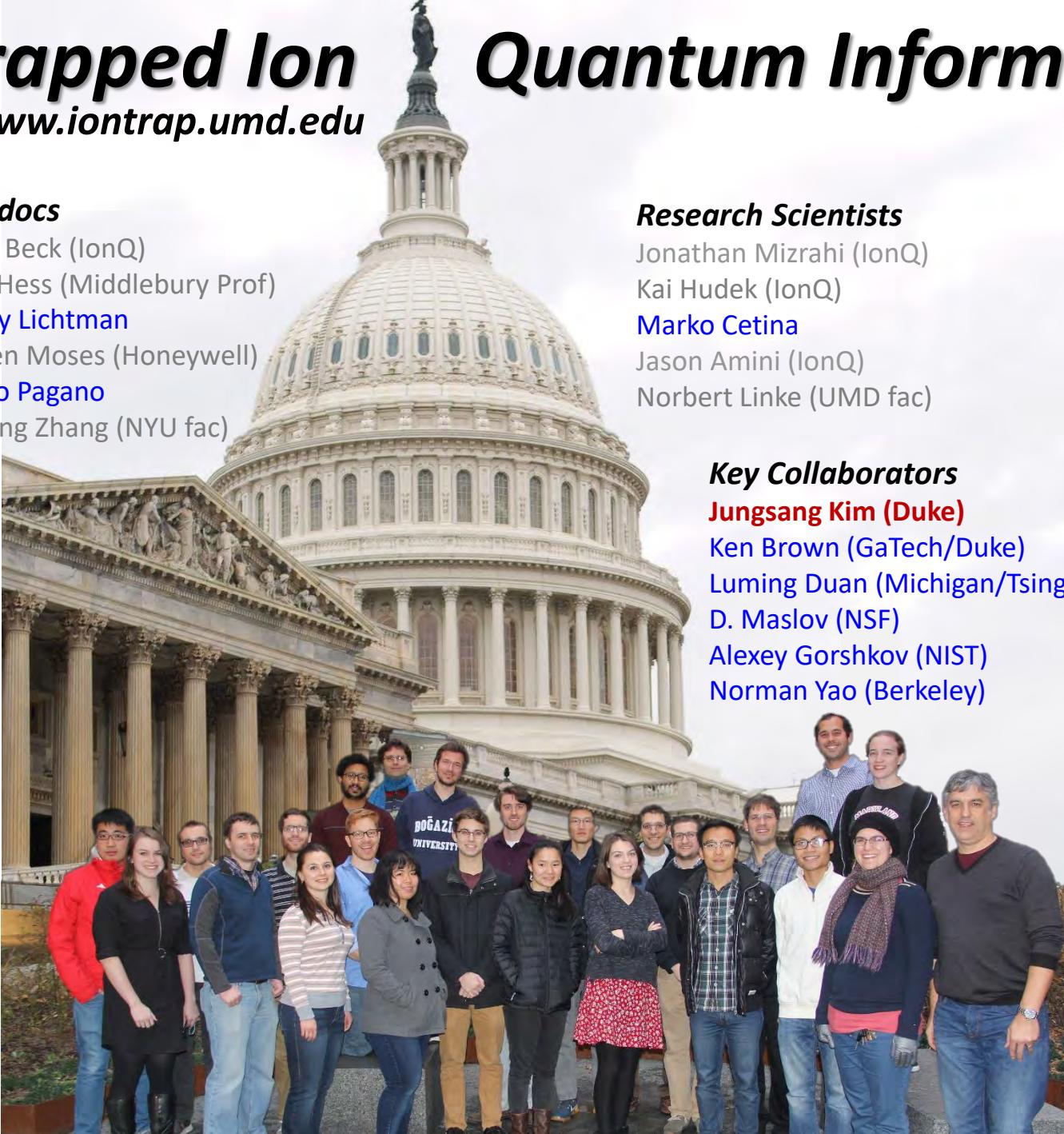
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